

The Weather

Today—Partly cloudy, windy, and rather cold. Yesterday—High, 47; low, 39.

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Cabbie Held in Maryland Girl's Murder

U. S. Calls Bakers Here; 25% Flour Slash Likely

May Be 40 Per Cent; Senate Committee To Meet on Protest Of Bread Makers

By John W. Ball

An immediate cut of from 25 to 40 per cent in bread and other wheat products in order to meet demands for starving Europe probably will be ordered today.

In a surprise telegram to leading millers and bakers of the country yesterday, Carl C. Farrington, chief of the Production and Marketing Administration, summoned a number from both groups to meet at the Agriculture Department at 10 a. m. today.

"The purpose of the meeting," the telegram said, "is to discuss possible plans to save between now and June 30 at least 25 per cent of the flour used by the bakers and other domestic industries based on the 1945 rate of use."

Sensors Act on Protest

The summons met with severe criticism on the part of bakery organization officials. A concerted appeal by them to members of Congress brought about the announcement late in the day that the Senate Small Business Committee would meet next Monday and Tuesday to "examine into the 25 per cent set aside of flour for export to Europe and other starvation areas."

Senator James E. Murray (D., Mont.), chairman of the committee, declared the hearings were scheduled "as a result of numerous complaints which the committee has received from small bakers and flour millers."

"The members of the committee," said Senator Murray, "are fully aware that the United States has a moral and human obligation to aid other peoples of the earth in their time of famine. We cannot permit wholesale starvation to exist while at home we have a relative abundance of food. Would Avoid Injustice

"At the same time, however, the domestic firms which will be affected if this proposal is adopted have suffered all during the war. Small bakers in particular have been and still are beset with sugar, fats and oils shortages. Many small bakeries have been forced to suspend operations completely.

"We want to avoid unnecessary demonization or bankruptcy of small business concerns. Some way must be found to perform this great humanitarian task of feeding the hungry without injustice to a large segment of our economy."

The cut in bakery goods will bring about an immediate black market in those products, it was predicted by John T. McCarthy, president of the American Bakers Association.

"It's unfair and unequal for," he declared. "The public is now using about 15 per cent more bakery goods than in 1945."

"The reason for this is that we are feeding from six to 10 million men who have been discharged from the service since last year. These men eat a great deal more bread than the average American. For years the government has been training them on bread."

"The proposed cut of 25 per cent in bread based on the 1945 figures means actually a cut of 40 per cent of present consumption."

"The black market, he predicts, will be largely due to bread salesmen throughout the country, he said."

"How are we going to control 85,000 bread salesmen?" McCarthy asked. "They load up in the morning and go out on their routes. We don't know who they sell to or how much. If they are offered a few dollars under the counter it's human for some of them to take it."

Va. Farmer, 81, Is Proud Dad For 20th Time

Bristol, Va., April 8 (AP).—At 81, Enoch Dowell, tenant farmer living near Bristol, is a proud father for the twentieth time and holding the infant in his arms he says he feels just "like a 19-year-old—just as proud as I was with my first."

Dowell, who says he likes children "or I wouldn't have had so many," married his present wife, who is 46, after the death of his first wife 17 years ago.

Mrs. Dowell had two children by a previous marriage, then nine by Dowell, all of whom are living. Dowell had 11 children by his first wife, of whom two are dead.

At the King's Mountain Memorial Hospital, by his wife's bedside, Dowell jostled the newest infant and said he would be willing to bet a good farm to a fishhook that "there isn't another man of my age in two counties who can do more work or who's got a better family."

His wife joined in, "It's the truth. Come to our place at Emmett's and you'll see him working every day—taking care of 20 head of cattle; 18 head of hogs; 15 turkeys; 200 chickens; two acres of tobacco, and a truck patch."

Mrs. Dowell said, "We both come from large families. His dad was the father of 15 and his uncle also the father of 15. My dad was the seventeenth child and the seventh son."

Bowie Feature Captured by Scotch Abbot

Harford, Bill's Doll Trail in Front Wye; 10,000 See Program

By Walter Knight

Bowie, Md., April 8.—Daniel Harford's Scotch Abbot upset the best calculations of the favorite players today by taking the Front Wye Purse. The 6-year-old who has been unable to get to the winner's circle in almost two years, showed a liking for the Bowie oval and drove home a half length in front of Miss Ruth McClenaghan's Harford, the horse that drew most of the play in the field of seven. In third position was G. Arcand's Bill's Doll.

A dark, dreary day held the crowd down to 10,000 but rain that fell failed to do anything but pack down the fast track. Scotch Abbot was clocked in 1:49 for the mile and a sixteenth and, with Harford played and replayed, paid an \$8.80 mutual.

Land Cruiser and Bill's Doll did the chief early running while Scotch Abbot was rated within striking distance and Harford was far back. Approaching the far turn, Scotch Abbot took command and then Harford made his move along the inside rail. In mid-stretch, Harford appeared ready to make good for his legion of backers. However, when he moved to Scotch Abbot Jockey Roberts, aboard the 3-1 shot, went to the whip and his mount hung on gamely to the end.

G. C. Greer's Poochaneil made good in the role of an odds-on favorite in the second race. Jockey Henri Mora rode the daughter of War Hero home three parts of a length in front of James W. Brown's Sundown rose with R. Roy McClarin's Pigeon Hill in third position. Poochaneil disposed of the pacemaker, Fernlet to take command but was all out to hold Sundown Rose safe at the close.

The winner, paying \$3.50 was clocked in 1:14 3/5 for the six furlongs. Daily doubles on Baylette and Poochaneil paid \$50.80.

Between races, . . . H. C. (Felix) of Rockville, gets out of the Navy next week and will take over the training of Gay Boy, Gay Peggy, Meetmeow, Quick Ann, Eyes K. and McFosco. . . The daily bet See RACES, Page 13, Column 2

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Could Have Prevented Escapes

Welfare Director Ray Huff yesterday held himself to blame for the lack of bars over the flimsy metal ventilator through which two convicted murderers cut their way out of the District Jail's death house Wednesday with a can opener.

Huff voluntarily accepted responsibility in testifying before the special House subcommittee in the first round of its "top-to-bottom" investigation into the jail's operation.

Pointing out that he was penal superintendent when the death house was added to the jail in 1941, Huff said failure to install bars over the ventilator could be traced to him.

"The escapes could have been prevented if there were bars were not there," he said.

"However, it wasn't contemplated that any condemned men could have access to the ventilator in See BREAK, Page 2, Column 4

Price Ceilings Suspended By Hundreds

Personal, Household Items Freed; Most Sausage Products Raised 1 to 2 Cents

By the Associated Press

Immediate suspension of price ceilings on several hundred items of personal, household and professional use was ordered by the OPA yesterday.

The announcement came a few minutes after OPA suspension of price control on a long list of heavy industrial machinery and equipment products.

Retail ceiling prices for about 85 per cent of all sausage products will be increased 1 or 2 cents a pound, effective Thursday.

Announcing this yesterday, OPA said the changes will raise general prices for such products an average of 1-1 1/4 cents a pound.

Due to Wage Increase

The price hike results from a 16-cent-an-hour wage increase recently granted to packing house workers. Higher prices for veal, lamb and mutton went into effect yesterday, while beef and pork prices were raised a week ago.

OPA said the second ceiling suspension order applies to items which are "of only minor importance in living costs or in the cost of doing business." Typical on the list are:

Decorative sofa pillows, mops and mop sticks, curtain rods, hampers, coat hangers, ice cream freezers, plant boxes and flower pots, baskets, fly swatters, pocket knives, scissors, razor strops, hand tire pumps, lawn sprinklers, binoculars and telescopes, domestic jeweled watches, small leather goods such as billfolds, compact, hair pins, needles and pins, soda fountains and equipment, soap dispensers, hypodermic needles and syringes, inhalators and stretchers.

Most Extensive Suspension

The first order covering industrial goods was termed the most extensive suspension action thus far. Price Administrator Paul A. Porter said:

"This major decontrol action carries out our policy of removing price controls as soon as they are no longer needed to safeguard the country from the disaster of inflation."

The order suspends the ceilings on six broad classes of machinery and equipment, including many items of electrical equipment, machine tools, as well as processing, construction, transportation and miscellaneous machinery and equipment.

Porter said the action will not affect the cost of living "or cause any substantial increase in business costs." He added that in general the owners of small businesses and farmers will not be affected, "as suspension has been limited to products they do not generally use."

Is Not a Removal

Porter stressed that price ceilings on products covered by the action are being suspended and not removed.

Price movements and any possible diversion of manpower, materials or facilities will be carefully watched, and control will be restored promptly on any item, if inflationary prices or serious diversion of manpower, materials or facilities occur," Porter said.

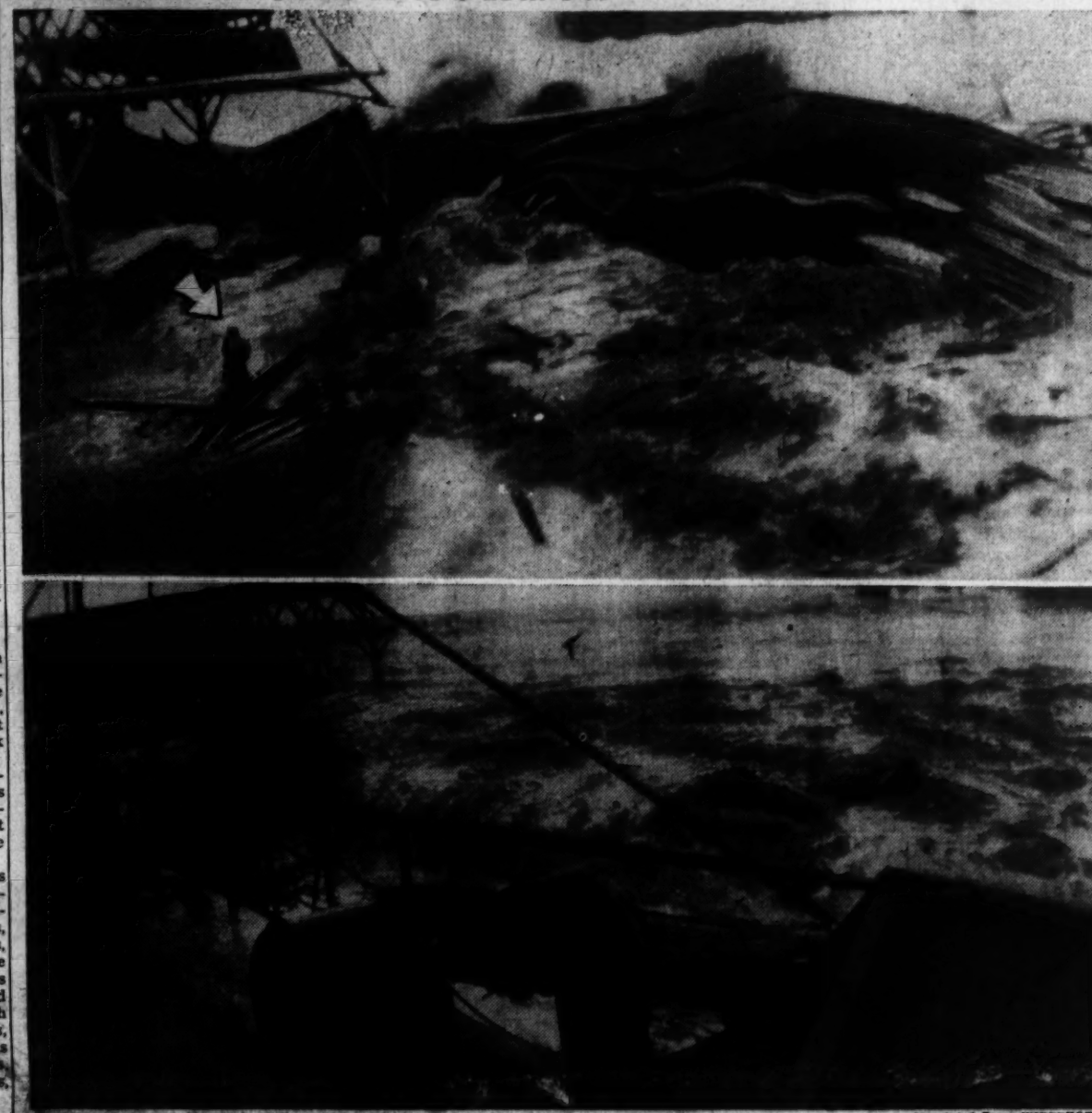
The most important items covered by the suspension order, OPA said, are capital goods "which will be bought by manufacturers to expand their present productive capacity or to replace worn-out and obsolescent equipment."

Major Suspensions

Major product lines suspended from price control are:

Electrical—Steam, gas and gas turbines; direct current and welding equipment; electric motors, 250 horsepower and over; all types of transformers, 500 KVA and over; telephone central station and other telephone equipment; antenna systems and towers; and See PRICES, Page 2, Column 6

As Tidal Waves Hit Hilo's Harbor



AN AVALANCHE OF WATER—The power of the series of tidal waves that struck at Hilo, Hawaii, April 1, is graphically shown in these two on-the-spot pictures. In top view, a wave crumples Pier 1 at Kuhio wharf and rushes inland. Arrow points to a man struggling in the torrent of water. He is believed to be a victim of the disaster. In lower photo, a second tidal wave follows. Although not as large as the first it still submerges the wharf deck

Senate Victory Is Seen for GI Housing Bill

Opposition Centers On Move to Halve Huge Subsidy Fund

By Mary Spargo

An Administration victory in the Senate was forecast yesterday as debate opened on the Patman bill to speed the construction of 2,700,000 homes for veterans in the next two years.

Chief Senate opposition to the Administration measure centered in a move to cut in half the 600 million-dollar production subsidy fund carried in the bill.

The House cut out production subsidies altogether, and also refused to place ceilings on existing homes. Little Senate opposition has been expressed to the latter provision.

Real estate interests watching the progress of the bill privately admitted yesterday that their opposition to subsidies and price ceilings on existing homes faces probable failure.

The real estate lobby said the See HOUSING, Page 2, Column 3

New Clash Indicated Russia Expects Iran Dispute To Be Dropped, Diplomats Say

Bynes Stands Firmly For Continuation of Case Until May 6th

New York, April 8 (AP).—The United Nations Security Council appeared tonight to be headed toward a clash tomorrow over whether Russia's move to close the Iranian case should be considered immediately or be postponed for three days.

In Washington, Secretary of State James F. Byrnes took a firm stand against Russia's demand. He told a press conference that the United States was standing pat on its position that the dispute cannot be dropped until May 6, when both countries are to submit reports to the Council on the withdrawal of Russian troops from Iran.

[Byrnes said he had decided, although not irrevocably, against attending future meetings of the U. N. Security Council, where the United States hereafter will be represented by Edward R. Stettinius, jr., Editor's note.]

The immediate question before See NATIONS, Page 2, Column 1

Draft Pause For Elections Is Proposed

Plan to Take Congress Off Spot Gets Strong Support in House

By Robert C. Albright

Two moves to compromise the pot-boiling Capitol draft row by taking Congress off the election spot gained powerful House support yesterday.

Both proposals, believed to have at least tacit Administration backing, would:

1. Suspend inductions until after the elections.
2. Push an Army drive for voluntary recruits meanwhile.
3. Empower the President to resume inductions if the Army fell short of needed manpower.

Pay Increases Proposed

Pay increases to tempt volunteers, ranging from a proposed \$400 annual raise for all military personnel to a \$50 monthly increase for Army privates figured in a broad Capitol quest for a "painless" draft settlement.

The compromise talk started up as both House and Senate Military Affairs Committees scheduled show-down voting today.

Senate hearings closed, meanwhile, with Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower backing up the President's Chicago plea for temporary draft extension. Said Eisenhower:

"Any gamble with the National Security of the United States at this time is a gamble with the See DRAFT, Page 2, Column 6

There Are Conditions

U. S. Moves to Take Argentina Into Hemisphere Defense Pact

By Edward T. Follard

The United States moved yesterday to end its quarrel with Argentina and bring about "complete unity of the peoples of America."

Secretary of State Byrnes disclosed that this Government, taking cognizance of the overwhelming victory of Col. Juan D. Peron in the Argentine presidential election of February 24, had proposed to the other American republics that Argentina be brought into a 21-nation hemispheric defense pact under certain conditions.

The conditions are that the Peron government eradicate the "Axis influences" which have threatened the security of the inter-American system.

The presence of these Nazi influences—dramatized by the State Department in a Blue Book issued on February 12—had led the United States Government previously to balk at signing a mutual assistance treaty with Argentina.

Secretary Byrnes disclosed yesterday that, while all the Latin American republics had not yet been heard from, a majority had approved the new United States proposal concerning Argentina.

Mr. Byrnes at the same time confirmed reports that George S. Messersmith, now U. S. Ambassador to Mexico, would become Ambassador to Argentina. Messersmith will fill a post that has been vacant since Spruille Braden left Buenos Aires last winter to come here as Assistant Secretary of State in charge of Latin-American affairs.

Will View Retention On Council Agenda As 'Most Unfriendly'

Moscow, April 8 (AP).—Foreign diplomats here said today Russia fully expects the United Nations Security Council to drop further consideration of the Iranian situation and would regard continuation of the case as "most unfriendly."

This view was based upon what the diplomats believed were well-authenticated reports here that Iranian Premier Ahmed Qavam would recommend to the Council that the dispute be removed from its agenda.

(Teheran dispatches today quoted unofficial sources close to Qavam as saying they believed he would agree to complete withdrawal of the case before the Council.)

The Iranian government apparently had reached no decision. Propaganda Director Prince Moazzafar Firouz said the decision was up to the Security Council.

(The United Press quoted Moscow radio as saying that Russia and Iran are about to conduct economic negotiations following up the Iranian concession of vast oil interests to the Soviet Union.)

[The disclosure was made in a letter by Iranian Premier Qavam Sultaneh to Russian Foreign Minister Vyacheslav Molotov, it said.]

The Communist Party newspaper Pravda in a front-page editorial assailed the Security Council's decision. See IRAN, Page 2, Column 6

Note Reveals of War's Heartbreak

Baby Left in Church Is Link To Lost GI, Unwed Mother Tells

(Picture on Page 5)

By Adrienne Tassler

The pathetic note revealed the love of a girl for a soldier she couldn't marry . . .

It told of the child both wanted to hold them together in case "he would not return" . . .

It was the history of little Johnnie Doe. The poignant story, set forth in a letter, was revealed by police last night. They found the note in a lonely pew at St. Mary's Catholic Church here, 5th and G sts. nw., where 3-week-old Johnnie was found late Sunday night.

Written in fine print by an apparently well-educated woman, the letter was in a white envelope, on which was marked: "To whom it may concern."

It reads: "Dear People, I hope that some day I will

See BABY, Page 2, Column 2

Hagerstown Police Link Bloodied Garb to Him

Victim Strangled; Detectives Seeking To Trace Rope Found 300 Yards From Spot

Hagerstown, Md., April 8.—Police held a Hagerstown taxi driver for questioning today in connection with the slaying of 19-year-old Betty Jane Kennedy, and said the driver owned a blood-stained pair of trousers found at a local dry-cleaning establishment.

The body of the girl, for whom funeral services were held here this afternoon, was found Thursday morning in a clump of bushes along a road near the Pennsylvania line. She had been strangled and her neck was broken.

Police Capt. William H. Peters said the cabman, whose name was withheld, had been reported seen with Miss Kennedy last Wednesday night on several occasions. The victim herself had last been seen about 11 p. m., Wednesday at a Hagerstown restaurant.

Peters said that the man told police he had been working Wednesday night, but that the driver's employer had told them the driver was not working.

Meanwhile, Pennsylvania State police were attempting to find the owner of a piece of rope found about 300 yards from the spot near Rousersville, Pa., where the body had been discovered by a farmer. They said the rope might have been used by the killer.

Peters declared he believed a "break" was near. He said the cab driver's statement—disputed by the man's employer—that he had been working last Wednesday night "and the fact that he had taken blood-stained clothes to the cleaners will require a lot of explanation."

Another cab driver was taken into custody last night, but Peters said he would be released.

The Maryland State police sought to learn where the rope found near the body had been sold.

Detective Carl Hartman of the State police, explained, "We hope to get a lead that will start us on the trail of the killer."

The rope had been turned over to State police by a resident of the section where the girl's body was found.

Coroner S. D. S. Hull of Franklin County, Pa., thought the girl might have been hanged and her body taken to the elder-covered ground where it was discovered.

Miss Kennedy lived in Hagerstown with her mother and a married sister.

Accused in Death Of Sailor, Man Is Held for Jury

Eugene Lee, 22, of 1016 8th st. nw., accused of killing a sailor during a street argument Saturday night, was ordered held for action of the grand jury yesterday at a coroner's inquest.

Navy Radioman 3/c James D. Hulings, 21, of Clarendon, Pa., was wounded fatally during the fight, and John E. Carter, 24, of 114 Maple ave., Takoma Park, Md., now in Emergency Hospital, was wounded seriously.

At the inquest, it was testified that Lee and his brother, Henry, 25, both Negroes, were using objectionable language while arguing with a woman at 9th st. and Mount Vernon pl. nw. and the fight resulted when Hulings ordered them to stop.

Carter, it was disclosed, had no part in the argument, but was only a passerby.

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SELLS HOME APPLIANCES

After this classified ad appeared in THE WASHINGTON POST once the advertiser reported all items were sold:

ELECTRIC SHREWER, AXES, SINK type, with all attachments, 55¢ washing machine, wireless radio, \$10.00, \$10.00.

Need cash for new spring clothes? Selling household appliances you no longer need is an excellent way to get very welcome extra cash for your spring outfit.

Phone National 4200 today and ask for an Ad-Taker who will be glad to help you write your ad.

Name and address on file

Text of Gromyko Letter to Council

Following is the official United Nations translation of Ambassador Gromyko's April 6 letter demanding the removal of the Iranian case from the Council's agenda:

On 26 March, when the Security Council proceeded to consider the Iranian government's statement of 18 March regarding the delay in the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Iran, I proposed, under instructions from the Soviet government, that this question should not be considered by the Security Council.

I pointed out on that occasion that, under the understanding with the Iranian government, full evacuation of the Soviet troops from Iran was started on 24 March and would be completed in five or six weeks and that in consequence the Security Council had no reason to consider the Iranian question.

The Security Council, however, did not agree with the Soviet government and retained the Iranian question on the agenda. In the meantime the Soviet-Iranian negotiations continued and, as is known from the joint Soviet-Iranian communiqué published on 4 April, an understanding on all points was reached between the Soviet and the Iranian governments.

This has fully confirmed the accuracy of the Soviet government's statement of 26 March and the absence of any reason for bringing the Iranian question before the Security Council for consideration.

The Soviet government, moreover, cannot ignore the resolution adopted by the Security Council on 4 April. Under this resolution the Security Council decided to continue the consideration of the Iranian question on 6 May despite the fact that on 3 April the Soviet government stated that the question of the evacuation of Soviet troops had been settled by an understanding reached between the Soviet and the Iranian governments. Such a resolution of the Security Council might have been well-founded if the position in Iran had threatened international peace and security, as provided in article 34 of the Charter of the United Nations.

Under the Charter, the Security Council may investigate any dispute or any situation which might endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. It is, however, quite obvious that in fact such a position did not and does not now exist in Iran, so that the Security Council had no reason to give further consideration to the Iranian question on 6 May.

Accordingly, the above-mentioned resolution of the Security Council of 4 April is incorrect and illegal, being in conflict with the Charter of the United Nations.

For the above-mentioned reasons the Soviet government insists that the Iranian question should be removed from the agenda of the Security Council.

ARGENTINA

From Page 1
tion and signing of a mutual assistance pact.

"But," added the memorandum, "there must be deeds and not merely promises."

The memorandum disclosed that less than half of the American republics had sent replies after the United States Government had asked for their views on the so-called Blue Book.

"Some of these answers," the memorandum said, "entirely agree with views expressed by the United States; others emphasize the changed position resulting from the recent election (the victory of Peron)."

The Blue Book, based partly on captured Nazi documents, made the sensational charge that Germans were using Argentina as a "base" for building up a new war machine.

It charged also and offered "positive proof"—that the Argentine government, while maintaining a two-faced policy in the war years, was engaged in "grave complicity" with Nazi Germany.

It described Colonel Peron as an arch "conspirator" in a 1943 scheme to make Argentina the center of a bloc of pro-Axis states in South America, which with Germany's help would have tried to smash the good neighbor policy.

The Blue Book was issued two weeks before the people of Argentina went to the polls to elect a new president. In spite of it, Colonel Peron won an overwhelming victory; and his opposition has conceded that the election was a fair one.

In the face of this, Secretary Byrnes on April 1 sent out the memorandum which was made public yesterday. This recalled how the United States, last October, began consultations with other American republics on the Argentine situation. It raised the question whether a defense pact should be negotiated with the existing government at Buenos Aires in view of its failure to make good on its obligations and commitments under the inter-American system.

U. S. Not Hostile
"In initiating such consultation," said the memorandum made public yesterday, "the United States was not animated by any feeling of hostility towards the Argentine people. On the contrary it was the desire of the United States to strengthen the friendly relationships between the people of the United States and the people of Argentina by bringing into the open those conditions which had caused the Government of the United States great embarrassment and concern in its relations with the then Government of Argentina."

"It was also the desire of the United States that the other American republics should know the conditions which caused this embarrassment and concern so that it

would be clear that the United States was acting in defense and not in derogation of the principles of the inter-American system."

The memorandum said the United States did not believe that the people of Argentina, in the recent election, intended to approve the continuance of conditions which would threaten the safety of the inter-American system.

Hopes for Prompt Action
"A new constitutional government will soon be inaugurated in Argentina," it continued. "The Government of the United States feels that it expresses the sentiments of all its sister governments in declaring its fervent hope that when that newly elected government takes office and its congress meets, it will give prompt implementation by positive acts to its solemn commitments under the inter-American system."

The memorandum suggested that the governing board of the Pan American Union arrange for the drafting of a hemisphere defense pact. Then would come the long delayed Rio Conference to act on the document.

"We hope," concluded the memorandum, "the conference can be called to meet after the new government of Argentina has been installed and had had a reasonable time to comply with the promises made at Mexico City. When it has complied we feel satisfied that American republics will welcome that government's participation in the treaty of mutual assistance."

BABY

From Page 1
be forgiven for this act I am doing now. But I will try to explain it to you so you will know why I am doing this.

"I was born and raised in a state south of here and was brought up as a Catholic. About two years ago I met and fell in love with a fellow who was then in the service. He was of another religion and my parents would not consent to a marriage.

"He was getting ready to ship out and I wanted something that would hold us together. I wanted a child, a son of his, for fear he would not return. As things came to pass, he did not come back, and here is his son.

"My family will not help me because I am not married, and I have nothing to raise a child on. So I am asking your help. Please see that this boy is put in a home and taken care of as he should be. And I hope he never learns how he started out in life.

"He is just a few weeks old, so please take care of him since I can't. I am returning South but not to my family. Remember he was wanted, and not just something that happened because a

Congressmen Study Jail Plans



AT PROBE—Examining an architect's sketch of plans for a wall around the District jail are from left: Welfare Director Ray L. Huff; Representative Oren Harris (D., Ark.); Representative Joseph P. O'Hara (R., Minn.); and Representative K. J. M. Combs (D., Tex.), who is standing at extreme right. Back to camera is Representative Sid Simpson (R., Ill.). At present only the northwest and southeast areas of the jail are walled.

HOUSING

From Page 1
surge of interest and support of the bill by all the various veterans' groups appeared to have tipped the scales in its favor.

The fact that the Republican opposition, led by Senator Homer Capehart (R., Ind.), is seeking only to halve, not kill, production subsidies was regarded as a sign of increased support for the administration plan.

The Senate temporarily laid aside the veterans' emergency housing bill to pass and send to the White House a \$253,727,000 fund for temporary housing for veterans. This would be used to move temporary war housing to college communities and other places suddenly faced with an influx of veterans.

Majority Leader Alben W. Barkley (D., Ky.), who is steering the measure through the Senate, said under questioning that the bill gives Housing Expediter Wilson Wyatt the power to direct OPA to increase prices.

If the expediter should resort solely to price increases without subsidies, Barkley declared, an additional \$500 would be added to the cost of each veteran's home.

Barkley said that despite the wide powers given the expediter, he did not believe he would take over the functions of the price administrator.

He added that he hoped it would not be necessary for him to use all the 600-million-dollar fund the bill provides.

Both Democrats and Republicans took potshots at OPA and former OPA Administrator Chester Bowles as debate opened on the housing bill.

Senator John L. McClellan (D., Ark.) told his colleagues that the real reason for the lumber shortage is "the failure of OPA to get together with the industry on a price which will permit production."

Senator Kenneth Wherry (R., Neb.), minority whip, protested that "We haven't given industry a chance to produce lumber or bricks or other materials because of our pricing policy. We're taking the incentive route without giving private industry a chance."

"Thank you kindly and God bless you always for you're all being so good. A sad and despondent mother."

P. S. He eats every four hours—10, 2, 6, etc.

Johnnie was in fine condition yesterday at Gallinger Hospital. Nurses said he is a good baby—cries very little.

But he doesn't smile much either. If police can't locate Johnnie's mother pretty soon, he will be turned over to the Welfare Department for placement in a home. Should the mother still not have returned at the end of a year, the infant will be put up for adoption.

BREAK

From Page 1
view of three locked, steel doors they would have to open."

Huff also said he favored concentration of responsibility for prison administration in one penal expert, rather than the layman Board of Public Welfare, and then declared that competent men have refused to come here because of the District's "unsavory" reputation for its "inability to get anything done for its penal institutions."

The five-man congressional committee relentlessly attacked the Board of Public Welfare and the divided authority over the Capitol's prisons, quizzing top-flight officials with these results:

1. Two members of the Welfare Board agreed that the board should be divorced of its authority over penal institutions, while a third asked for more concentrated power for the nine-man board of civic-minded citizens.

2. Commissioner John Russell Young directly blamed the Board of Public Welfare for the muddled conditions at the District Jail, scene of 10 escapes in the last five months.

3. Commissioner Guy Mason said Welfare Board members had no knowledge of how to operate penal institutions and said he favored creating a penal department with a director directly responsible to the District Commissioners.

4. Mason attacked the Civil Service Commission for refusing to reclassify guards at the District Jail when a request for more pay for prison employees was made in 1941. He also blamed the Welfare Board, Congress and the Commissioners for the jail conditions.

5. Welfare Director Huff leveled an accusing finger at Congress, which he said set up the operational system for the District's penal system and has consistently refused to furnish adequate funds to make it function efficiently.

McFarland Still Free
Meanwhile, Earl W. McFarland, convicted rape slayer, whose escape with Joseph Medley, since recaptured, inspired the Congressional probe, remained the object of a nationwide manhunt.

After Huff volunteered the information that he was responsible for the construction of the death house, he pointed out that it never was planned that condemned killers would be housed in the death cells for long periods.

"Sometimes as much as three years have elapsed between the time a man is convicted of murder and the time he is executed," said Huff. "We have kept these men in isolated sections of Cell Block No. 1 and only moved them to the death house a few days before their execution dates."

Medley and McFarland were ordered moved to the death house

IRAN

From Page 1
sion to keep the discussion on the agenda as "groundless and in direct contradiction of the United Nations Charter."

"It is not clear," Pravda asked, "in the relations between the Soviet Union and Iran on the occasion of which negotiations took place between both countries there was not and could not have been anything which could have threatened international peace and security?"

"The positive results which were reached as a result of the Soviet-Iranian negotiation," Pravda added, "serves to teach a lesson in respect to all efforts of foreign forces to make more difficult the achievement of agreement between two countries."

This was taken as a reflection of the Russian attitude that the United States, Great Britain and possibly other nations interfered.

Pravda said that the possibility of settling positively the Iranian question were realized coincident with the establishment of the regime of Premier Qavam, who succeeded Ibrahim Hakimi last February 15.

"Who can deny that the Soviet government had serious reasons for not trusting the real inclinations of the reactionary ruling circles of Iran at a time when Hakimi stood at the head of the Iranian government?" Pravda declared.

The editorial was read in its entirety over the Moscow home and short wave radio shortly after 9 a. m., Moscow time, several hours before Pravda appeared on the streets.

PRICES

From Page 1
domestic wait-hour electric meters. Machine tools—Large types of both new and second-hand machine tools.

Processing machinery—Many types of textile machinery; specially built web-fed newspaper and magazine printing presses.

Construction equipment—Dredges and various lock and dam machinery items.

Transportation equipment—Locomotives and tenders; freight cars; passenger cars for surface, subway or elevated lines; many railroad parts and specialties; industrial hand trucks; passenger and freight elevators and escalators.

Miscellaneous Items Listed
Miscellaneous—Industrial casters; mechanical precision springs; caskets; dies, jigs, fixtures, molds and patterns with some exceptions; open or flat die forgings, except commercial drop forgings; tire chains; Diesel engines with some exceptions; steam generating equipment; industrial and marine stoves with feeding capacity of 1200 pounds of power or more; industrial conveyors and conveying systems of stationary type with some exceptions.

OPA also announced that manufacturers of power-driven machine tools which are not covered by yesterday's suspension order will be given a price increase of 20 per cent over their October 1, 1944, prices.

It added that the hike also will apply to parts and attachments designed for specific machine tools.

OPA said the increase is necessary to offset higher wage and materials cost.

DRAFT

From Page 1
peace and security of the world. I urge you not to take this gamble."

Vinson Offers Compromise
In the House, Naval Chairman Carl Vinson (D., Ga.) introduced a comprehensive compromise bill, combining a high pay recruiting drive with suspension of inductions until November 15. Thereafter the President could resume inductions if enlistments fell short, by proclaiming a National emergency.

Before Vinson dropped his bill in the hopper, House Majority Whip John J. Sparkman (D., Ala.) proposed a similar formula for presentation to the House Military Committee today.

NATIONS

From Page 1
the Council was one of procedure, but it was important because the delegates were taken by surprise by Russia's move and most of them had to dispatch hurried requests to their governments for instructions.

Few, if any, of them had received these instructions tonight and, as a result, they were reluctant to comment on the Russian proposal that the Iranian question be taken from the Council's agenda.

Case on Agenda Until May 6
The Council voted last Thursday to keep the case on the agenda until May 6 and at that time to ask Russia and Iran to report the status of Soviet troop withdrawals from Iran.

Both the delegates and the secretariat expressed uncertainty as to what would happen tomorrow. This was partly due to the refusal of Soviet Delegate Andrei A. Gromyko to say definitely what his plans were.

Gromyko did not indicate whether he would demand immediate action on his proposal or let it come up after a three-day delay, which is the normal course under the rules of procedure for all matters except the most urgent.

A Soviet spokesman said Gromyko still was undecided whether he would attend tomorrow's session, which is scheduled to consider proposed rules of procedure drafted by a committee of experts. This is the top item on the agenda.

Some quarters expected either the Russians or Poland would offer a formal resolution to give the Iranian question priority. If such a move is made, informed quarters expected it to meet strong opposition from the countries who want more time to study the proposal.

British Weigh Question
A spokesman indicated, however, that the American delegation's immediate concern was with the question of procedure.

The British also were studying the procedural question. British sources expressed belief that the Russians would not be able to make out a convincing case of urgency, which is required, to place the case before the Council for immediate consideration.

Hussein Ala, Iranian representative, who last week requested that the Council keep the Iranian question on the agenda, had no comment today on the Russian move.

Dispatches from Moscow quoted the Soviet press as predicting Iranian Premier Ahmed Qavam might instruct Ala to reverse his position and agree to the proposal to drop the case.

Meanwhile, the Polish delegate, Dr. Oscar Lange, decided not to present his case against the Franco regime in Spain for a few days. A spokesman for the Polish delegation said the case would be filed "in two or three days."

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By Ernest Lindley

Mistakes In National Policy

IN A REVIEW of President Truman's first year in office, now nearing its close, two serious mistakes in national policy stand out. They were closely related and attributable to the same psychological cause. The first was our precipitate disarmament and the second was the swift and unbalanced casting off of so many wartime economic controls. Both were the result of the feeling that the end of the fighting automatically meant peace and "normalcy." This thoughtless feeling was so widespread and so intense that the Administration could not do much more than fight rear-guard action. But it might have fought these more vigorously, especially on the economic front.

On the question of preserving the armed strength of the United States, the President was more foresighted and persistent. He went along with the pell-mell demobilization of our warlike forces. In fact, he spurred it on. But he proposed, and urged, that other armed forces be organized in their place. Mr. Truman has consistently recognized, and preached, that we must remain strong to obtain and preserve the kind of peace which we, and most other peoples, want.

This is the theme to which he returned again in his excellent Army Day speech: "We must remain strong, not because we plan or want to impose our views upon the world by force or to battle with any nation. We must remain strong in order to retain our leadership, and with all our resources, exercise that leadership on behalf of the world of peace and harmony among all nations and all peoples. That is not only our moral duty; it is a firm obligation which we have undertaken as a member of the United Nations."

THE OBJECTIVES of our international policies, as Mr. Truman has set them forth, are sound and almost certainly command the overwhelming support of the American people. But Congress and the people have not given the Administration some of the tools which are essential if these objectives are to be achieved, or even pursued. To underwrite our international policies, Mr. Truman has asked for temporary extension of the draft, unification of the armed services in a single department, and universal military

training. These are only parts of an interim military program, but they are parts which require legislation, apart from the appropriation of funds. Extension of the draft is purely a legislative measure. Neither the War Department nor any branch of the Administration has any plan for a peacetime draft. All the armed forces want to get as rapidly as possible to the point where they can fill their manpower needs exclusively by voluntary enlistments. But there is no assurance, in the case of the Army, that enough volunteers will be forthcoming during 1946 and 1947 to meet absolutely essential needs. Analysis of the recruiting program which began last fall indicates that the Army will not be able to get enough men without extension of the draft.

UNIVERSAL TRAINING is a longer range measure, but not necessarily a permanent one. If progress is made in disarmament, and if the Soviet Union and other nations abandon conscription, universal training could be dropped in the United States. Universal training does not imply a mass army of infantrymen. As Mr. Truman said, it would mean training with the instruments of modern war, which are constantly changing. The purpose of military training is to make sure that we are ready to fight, if we are attacked. For, as Mr. Truman said, "We are not likely again to be given two years or more by heroic Allies to get ready. Next time—if there must be a next time—we are likely to be the first target."

Unification of the armed services is intended as a permanent reform. To this the main obstacle is the Navy, which has mobilized its friends in Congress. The Navy may be able to head off a merger, although in doing so it may suffer more than it gains. But a much closer integration of the armed services than existed before the war was attained even during the war is obviously necessary.

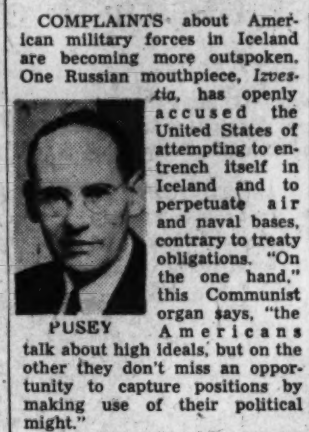
In his Army Day speech, Mr. Truman did not discuss the total size of the armed forces needed for an interim period or the appropriations which they will need. Nor did he dwell upon research and development or other foundation stones of a sound military program. Congress is more disposed, at present, to appropriate money than to pass legislation which would inconvenience ordinary citizens. Mr. Truman chose to emphasize the things which are harder to get, but which, in his firm opinion, are essential if we are going to get and keep the peace.



U. S. In Iceland

By Merlo Pusey

Is Iceland A "Western Iran"?



COMPLAINTS about American military forces in Iceland are becoming more outspoken. One Russian mouthpiece, *Izvestia*, has openly accused the United States of attempting to entrench itself in Iceland and to perpetuate air and naval bases, contrary to treaty obligations. "On the one hand," this Communist organ says, "the Americans talk about high ideals, but on the other they don't miss an opportunity to capture positions by making use of their political might."

It is no secret, however, that the United States would like permanently to retain air base privileges in Iceland. That island commands both the northern airways and sea lanes between North America and Europe. Its strategic position would make it a menace to us in the hands of any hostile power. Realizing this, are we taking advantage of our present position to wring permanent concessions from the Icelanders? It can be authoritatively said that the United States has proposed to Iceland a long-range agreement concerning the use of a military base there. The details of that proposal are still secret. But we can find a clue to their substance in President Truman's radio address last August. "Bases which our military experts deem to be essential for our protection, and which are not now in our possession," he said, "we will acquire. We will acquire them by arrangements consistent with the United Nations Charter."

THIS STATEMENT of policy would obviously rule out any forcible taking of concessions from Iceland as well as continued occupation of Meeks Field, without further agreement, when the war emergency has ended. It implies, moreover, that any base which Iceland may permit the United States to maintain on the island could also be placed at the disposal of the Security Council in carrying out its peace-preserving function.

So far as present indications are concerned, then, the United States is scrupulously adhering to its agreement with Iceland, and is seeking a new agreement that would be in harmony with the United Nations security system. No progress appears to have been made in the latter undertaking, for Iceland has not replied to the American proposal. It is evident that she is not yet ready to negotiate. There the matter rests and must continue to rest until the government of this handful of islanders consents to go ahead.

Where is the evidence of imperialism or big power entrenchment in this picture? The Administration has been negligent in failing to explain its position in Iceland, but to accuse it of flouting U. N. principles to acquire a permanent air base there is a gross distortion of fact. If Russia had followed a similar course in Iran, the case would never have been carried to the Security Council.

Chicagoan Held For Grand Jury On Bribe Charge

Bernard Sweet, vice president of a Chicago manufacturing firm, yesterday was held for the grand jury on a charge of offering a \$2000 bribe to a Civilian Production Administration official. He appeared at a hearing before United States Commissioner Needham C. Turnage. Sweet had entered a not guilty plea, March 11, at a preliminary arraignment. The defendant was arrested March 9 by Federal agents after he allegedly handed the money to an official in charge of requests for lead, and asked for an additional allotment for the Apex Battery and Manufacturing Co. of Chicago. He is free on \$5000 bond.

The President's Calling List . . .

By the Associated Press
President Truman yesterday received the following White House callers:

10:00 a. m.—Congressional "Big Four"—Senator McClellan, Senator Barkley, Speaker Rayburn and Representative McCormack.
11:00—Senator Guffey (D. Pa.).
11:15—Representative Louis C. Rabaut (D. Mich.).
11:45—Oswald Ryan, member Civil Aeronautics Board.
12:00—Richard McIntire, chairman, Kansas Corporation Commission.
12:30 p. m.—James F. Byrnes, Secretary of State.
1:00—Lunch.
3:00—Gen. A. A. Vandegrift, commandant of the Marine Corps.
3:30—Kenneth C. Royall, Undersecretary of War.

The Powers And The Middle East

DURING HIS FIRST year in the White House, President Truman has repeatedly gone out of his way to discourage alarmist views regarding the state of the world. He has refused to take the gloomy view of the international situation, disturbed, discordant and disorderly though it has been during much of these last 12 months. His unvarying attitude has been one of calmness and moderate optimism.

In view of all that it is significant that in his Army Day speech, President Truman singled out one area as a place where potential rivalries are so great that they might "suddenly erupt into conflict."

IT IS PARTICULARLY significant that President Truman saw fit to issue this warning at a time when Middle Eastern tensions have eased somewhat as a result of the Russian-Iranian agreement of April 4.

Taken at face value, that agreement has much to recommend it, although that can hardly be said of the manner in which it was reached. The terms, as published, do not constitute a violation of Iran's sovereignty and independence. But the still unanswered question is whether the agreement, as it stands, will fully satisfy Russia but will be regarded by her as only the first payment on a still unsettled account.

Certainly Russia's record in Iran during recent months gives no cause for optimism in this regard. She was pledged to remove all her troops from Iranian soil by March 2, 1946. She failed to do so. She is now pledged to withdraw them by May 6. It remains to be seen whether that new obligation will be lived up to any better than was the earlier one.

AFTER ALL, those Red army troops who lingered on in Iran after March 2—many of them are still there—did not do so merely to enjoy the beauties of the Persian landscape. Their presence in Iran had a political motivation. It was designed to impress the Tehran government with Russia's military power and her readiness to use it, if necessary, to extract concessions from that government.

It is true that in the agreement of April 4 Russia abandoned her earlier demand to keep some of her troops in certain parts of Iran indefinitely and modified her position with respect to Azerbaijan autonomy. Yet as long as Russian troops have not wholly been evacuated from Iran, Russia is in a position to put continued pressure on Premier Qavam to get more concessions.

Certainly in view of Russia's clearly defined policy of surrounding herself on all her borders with an unbroken chain of satellite states it cannot be assumed that all that Russia has been after in Iran is oil.

There are strong grounds for suspicion that Russia will not be satisfied until the government at Tehran is as much subject to the Kremlin's wishes as are the governments of Poland, Romania and Bulgaria and Iran—all of it—is as much a part of the Soviet security belt as are those countries.

IT IS CERTAINLY very suspicious that on the morrow of the agreement with Iran, Russia has sent a note to the Security Council of the United Nations demanding that the Council's action of April 4 be rescinded and that the Iranian problem be removed from the agenda.

The decision of the Council, says the Soviet note, "is not right and is illegal and is contrary to the Charter of the United Nations."

Whether that is so is not for Russia alone to judge but for the Security Council as a whole to determine. On the Council's part it would be a suicidal abdication of authority to submit to this Russian demand. The very fact that the Council did suspend further discussions of the Iranian problem until after the new date set for the final withdrawal of Russian troops makes it all the more essential that when that the Decade. Pressures on Turkey have steadily been mounting.

What finally happens in Iran will reveal the shape of things to come. The Council will examine the situation anew to see whether the assurances given by

500 at Labor Rally Protest Tuck's Action in Strike

Richmond, Va., April 8 (AP)—A mass meeting of 500 Virginia Federation of Labor delegates, representing "several hundred" unions in Virginia affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, yesterday formally protested Governor Tuck's recent action in drafting Virginia Electric and Power Co. employees into the organized militia. J. S. Smith, president of the State Federation, who was chairman at the meeting, announced later that a set of resolutions previously adopted by the Newport News central labor union, was endorsed and adopted unanimously. The resolution asked the State Federation and the AFL to investigate the action of Governor Tuck in connection with the threatened Vepco strike, which was averted when the company and representatives of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers agreed two days before the strike deadline to arbitrate issues on which the two parties had not agreed previously.

Police Find Rope Near Spot Where Girl's Body Lay

Waynesboro, Pa., April 8 (AP)—A piece of rope that may have been used to strangle 19-year-old Betty Jane Kennedy of Hagerstown, Md., was picked up yesterday about 300 yards from the spot where her nude body was found last Thursday. State Police Sgt. Alfred B. Verbecken said the rope was found by men from the Chambersburg sub-station working under the direction of Detective Carl Hartman. "It was a new piece of rope," said Verbecken, "of the type used for sash cords."

The girl's body was found on a cinder-covered ground near rural Rouseville early Thursday morning, with only her slip wrapped around her mid-section.

Coroner S. D. Shull, of Franklin County, who investigated the case said death was caused by strangulation and a broken neck.

Va. Paper Reports Floyd E. Kellum Slated for Bench

Portsmouth, Va., April 8 (AP)—The Portsmouth Star says that Governor Tuck will appoint Floyd E. Kellum, Princess Anne County attorney, as judge of the twenty-eighth Judicial Circuit to fill the vacancy created by the death last week of Judge Benjamin D. White. The governor will announce the appointment, the newspaper said, after the Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals has certified to the chief executive that it is necessary for the vacancy to be filled. The 28th Circuit embraces Princess Anne and Isle of Wight counties and the city of Portsmouth.

Kellum is a member of the second district and State Democratic committee and is general counsel for the Virginia Fisheries Commission.

Col. Noell Certain Of 2 Weeks Time To Find New Home

Lieut. Col. William C. Noell, fighting eviction from an Alexandria house he rented from a former Navy lieutenant, was assured of at least two more weeks in the home yesterday. The Army officer's appeal from an eviction order handed down in Alexandria police court last month was set for trial April 23 at the opening of the April term of the Corporation Court. Until the case is disposed of, no action can be taken on the lower court's eviction proceedings.

Colonel Noell sub-leased the home, 819 Church st., from Peter G. Meek, recently discharged veteran with two years Pacific service. According to Meek, the house was rented on a month-to-month basis under a "gentleman's agreement" providing the arrangement could be terminated by either party on 30 days notice.

While attempting to repossess his home, Meek is living in a single room at 2007 P. st. nw. His wife and two small children are with her parents at their home in Chestertown, Md.

Rep. Burgin, 67, Taken to Hospital

Representative William O. Burgin, 67, joined Senator Josiah W. Bailey, his Democratic colleague from North Carolina, in Doctors Hospital Sunday, it was disclosed yesterday. Dr. Paul F. Dickens said Burgin, who was taken to the hospital Sunday morning suffering from coronary heart disease, was "seriously ill but resting comfortably."

Bailey, who was stricken at the Capitol last Thursday, was reported "improving" by Dr. Walter A. Bloedorn.

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Patterson Says U. S. Had a Gas Japanese Mask Couldn't Stop Arlington Gets New Station for Auto Driver Tests

Atlantic City, N. J., April 8 (AP)—Secretary of War Patterson disclosed today that the United States had developed a war gas that "would have made the Japanese military mask useless."

Patterson made only brief reference to the gas in an address prepared for delivery at the 109th meeting of the American Chemical Society. He did not elaborate.

Maj. Gen. Alden H. Waite of the Chemical Warfare Service declared in another prepared address that chemical warfare probably would be "as decisive a weapon in any future war as the atomic bomb."

Tells of Fire Bombs

"I say this advisedly for already we know of agents thousands of times more toxic than mustard gas, phosgene, the cyanides and the arsenicals that we have worked with in the past," Waite said. "Our discoveries in recent years give me more confidence than ever in the power of the chemical weapon."

Patterson also declared that at the end of the war America was just getting into stride with "improved" fire bombs which "would have leveled everything (the enemy) had and rendered their cities uninhabitable."

Patterson said 66 Japanese cities with an aggregate population of more than 20 million were crippled by fires from our incendiaries.

Fires Caused Storms

He declared that beyond the terror of fire, the release of incendiaries caused a new phenomenon called "fire storms" which, he said, "caused columns of heated air to rise 2 1/2 miles high, and increased wind-velocities to such an extent that at the edge of the vortex, trees three feet in diameter were uprooted."

Asserting that the developments in chemical warfare also offered promise of peacetime humanitarian uses, Patterson said a group of war gases known as "nitrogen mustards," have shown "such positive effects (experimentally) on certain forms of cancer that vigorous study will be pushed."

The Secretary declared the Army was committed to a policy "that future planning must involve the concept of a steady partnership of the military, science and industry." He said the Army was setting up a long-range program designed to augment the number of Army personnel educated along scientific lines.

Inducements to Scientists

The Army also plans "to offer better inducements to civilian scientists to take employment with the War Department and to remain in this activity," he added.

Former Rubber Director Bradley Dewey, society president, criticized some scientists who, he said, in the discussions of atomic energy have created "the impression that they have all the answers, even in the field of physics."

An additional station for issuance of Virginia auto drivers' permits has been established in Arlington County, Lieut. Wayne Carr, of the Virginia State Police, announced yesterday.

The new bureau, which will supplement the drivers' test service offered at State Police division headquarters, has been established at Greenwood Park, 4505 Lee hwy., Lieutenant Carr said. Drivers' tests will be conducted daily from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., and on Saturday from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., by women members of the State Police force.

Driving tests are required of all applicants who have not previously held Virginia State permits.

A large oak tree at St. Martinsburg, La. marks the legendary spot where Longfellow's heroine, Evangeline, started her search for her lover.

Unlike most active volcanoes, Hawaii's are relatively harmless, because the lava flows as slowly as molasses and the streams can be controlled.

CONDITION NO. 1 was that the United States "promise to withdraw all their military forces, land, air and sea, from Iceland immediately on conclusion of present war." Other conditions were that Washington recognize the "absolute independence and sovereignty of Iceland" and refrain from any interference with the government of the island.

This agreement, of course, remains in effect. The intention of the United States to comply with its provision is fairly indicated by the withdrawal of all but 900 of the 46,000 troops stationed in the island. Most of those remaining are technicians operating the air facilities at Meeks (Keflavik) Field. Continued use of this great airport appears to be anticipated as long as we have a substantial number of occupation troops in Europe. Until the war is officially terminated the agreement of 1941 clearly permits our armed forces to use this convenient half-way station along the Northern air route to Europe. Iceland has raised no

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty



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Split Reich's Troubles Told By McNarney

By Wes Gallagher

Berlin, April 8 (AP).—Failure to establish a centralized government in Germany has resulted in a low morale and uncertainty about the future on the part of the population, constituting major hindrances to all economic activity in the United States zone, Gen. Joseph T. McNarney declared today.

In his most elaborate report as military governor on achievements of the American occupation to date, General McNarney listed these conditions as "major underlying factors in a basically adverse situation."

1. Progressive depletion of raw materials and supplies on hand, resulting from lack of interzonal trade.
2. Loss of popular confidence in the currency and tendency toward hoarding tangible goods.
3. Lack of an adequate basis for normal financial transactions.
4. Continuing problems of transport.
5. Lack of sufficient food to support the anticipated caloric ration.

Reiterating assertions made by General Eisenhower when he was commander of U. S. Forces in Europe and military governor, General McNarney said the economic aims of the Potsdam conference had failed because Germany was not being treated as an economic unit.

Opposition to a unified government has come from the French, who have insisted that discussions on making the Ruhr an international zone precede steps to centralize control of occupied Germany.

McNarney's report added that the United States had imported into the zone since the start of the occupation \$51,000,000 worth of goods for the Germans, while \$4,500,000 had been realized in exports during the same period. The export figure was about one-tenth of the dollar value of prewar exports from the zone.

Australia Mum On Isle Transfer

Sydney, Australia, April 8 (AP).—Australia's attitude toward giving complete control of Manus Island to the United States is likely to be determined after the imperial conference in London.

Reports here are widely conflicting as to the Australian position on Manus, key island of the Admiralty group where the United States developed a 250 million dollar naval base during the war. The island, formerly German, was administered under an Australian mandate until the Japanese captured it during the war.

Truman Appoints Rico To Caribbean Board

The White House announced yesterday President Truman's appointment of Rafael Pico de Puerto Rico as United States representative on the Caribbean Commission.

The appointment brings to four the membership of the United States section of the commission.

DON WINSLOW



Chest X-Rays Get Underway In Arlington

Arlington County's annual chest X-ray survey will begin tomorrow under the sponsorship of the county tuberculosis association, it was announced yesterday by Karl York, chairman for the survey.

Arranged as part of the association's "early diagnosis" campaign, the survey offers X-ray examinations to all residents of the county. A charge of 75 cents per person has been provided to defray the cost of the program.

Through new-type portable equipment obtained by the association, applicants will not be required to remove their clothing in order to undergo the tests, York said.

The following schedule of examinations was announced:

Tomorrow, Carver Homes, 13th and S. Queen sts., 3-5 p. m. and 7-9 p. m.

Thursday, April 11 and Friday, April 12, Clarendon Health Center, 1119 N. Hudson st., 9-12 a. m.; 1-5 p. m. and 7-9 p. m.

Saturday, April 13, Virginia Highlands Health Center, 508 23d st., 9-12 a. m. and 1-5 p. m.

Monday, April 15, Brown's Pontiac, Inc., 1818 N. Moore st., Rosalyn, 9-12 a. m. and 1-6:30 p. m.

Tuesday, April 16, Dunbar Homes, 3500 S. Kemper st., 9-12 a. m.; 1-5 p. m. and 7-9 p. m.

Wednesday, April 17, Methodist Parish Hall, Columbia Pike and Edgewood st., 9-12 a. m.; 1-5 p. m. and 7-9 p. m.

Arlington's Retirement Plan Deferred

Action on a proposed retirement system for Arlington police and firemen, authorized by the Virginia General Assembly last month, has been deferred by the Board of Supervisors pending a public hearing on the new county budget.

Chairman Edmund D. Campbell revealed yesterday.

Campbell said part of a proposed increase in the tax rate for the general fund had been tentatively designated for the retirement fund in the event the system is adopted. Under existing State legislation, the county would be required to post an annual fund to supplement retirement deductions to be taken from the pay of county employees.

Members of the police and firemen's associations already have appeared before the board and requested enactment of a retirement system, Campbell said. The board's action, however, will depend on public reaction to the proposed new budget, set for hearing April 15.

Legislation authorizing the county retirement system was introduced by Delegates Maynard Magruder and George Damm, and supported by Senator William D. Medley.

Paul B. Sawyer
New York, April 8 (AP).—Paul B. Sawyer, 66, president of the National Power & Light Co., died today at St. Luke's Hospital after a two months' illness.

FWA Promises 3 Honorary Degrees, Travel Through Road Aplenty on Truman Schedule

By the Associated Press

Better start peering at South American road maps, you tourists. One of these days you'll be able to drive to Buenos Aires and other points south.

This promise was made yesterday by J. L. Harrison, who works for the Roads Division of the Federal Works Agency.

"You're going to climb into your car and drive right to Buenos Aires," he told a meeting of the American Road Builders' Association. "And it won't be any more difficult than a trip to San Francisco."

Harrison later told a reporter that it's too early to give tourists an exact date for such a jaunt. But he figures that a drive to the Panama Canal will be possible within the next three or four years.

"The big drawback in the Inter-American highway program," he said, "is the Rio Atrato, a river few Americans ever heard of."

This river, in Northern Colombia, is almost as wide as the Mississippi. Rivers can be spanned, of course, but the Atrato has 10 to 15 miles of swamp land on each side.

Harrison isn't so pessimistic about the Atrato. He points out that no survey has been made of highway possibilities. Everyone has been too busy planning a road through Central America.

"Once that is finished," he said, "the 250 miles of highway from the Canal into Colombia can be tackled."

Harrison says the road will beat a whole team of foot diplomats at cementing North and South American friendships.

"The best way to become acquainted," he said, "is to jump in a car and drive down there."

Fill 'er up, Senator.

D. C. Veteran Information Bill Approved

Authority for spending an estimated \$100,000 in the next fiscal year for veterans information services in Washington was included in one of four District bills approved by the House yesterday.

The veterans information bill was approved by a unanimous voice vote and forwarded to the Senate after brief debate. Representative Rich (R., Pa.) cautioned that "we ought to take care of the veterans, but \$100,000 is a lot of money and we ought to watch every penny."

Chairman McMillan (D., S. C.) of the House District Committee also obtained approval for bills—

To permit Washington filling station operators to use gasoline pumps that measure fuel by the decimal system as used in the 48 States. Present District law requires measurements to be made by pints, quarts and gallons. The bill has already passed the Senate and now goes to the White House.

To name the New Hampshire ave. bridge over the B. & O. tracks in honor of the late Charles A. Langley, Washington builder and president of the Chillum Heights Citizens Association for more than 20 years. The bill was sent to the Senate.

To exempt property transfers to the American Red Cross from District inheritance taxes; forwarded to the Senate.

Government Facilities May Ease Parking

Washington's acute parking problem may be relieved soon by release of Government facilities, according to P. Y. K. Howat, chairman of the Motor Vehicle Parking Agency.

Speaking before the American Automobile Association advisory board yesterday, Howat said that the Government had tentatively agreed to turn over the 1000-space Capital Garage at 13th st. and New York ave., by September 1.

He said an additional 1000 spaces might be granted much sooner in lots at the Pentagon.

No arrangement has been concluded, he said, for the Mayflower Garage at 17th and L sts. n.w. Its 600 spaces now are occupied by the British Purchasing Commission and the Labor Department. Howat said it is "full of boxes" and that very few cars are stored there.

"The British seem to be inconvenient for them to move the boxes," said Howat.

He said three new parking projects now under construction will provide 650 additional downtown spaces. Three more projects providing 2200 spaces have been planned, but they cannot be started until cleared under the new priorities order.

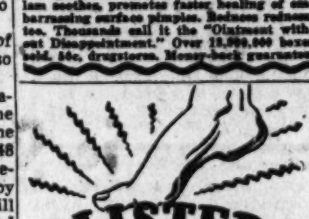
The agency disbanded during the war, was reactivated last October. Its report also recommends more express streets and express buses to encourage leaving autos at home.

Big 3 to Force Central German Rule on French

Frankfurt, April 8 (AP).—The United States, Britain and Russia today were reported ready to apply concerted pressure on France to force her acceptance of a central German government including the Ruhr and the Rhineland.

Informal sources predicted that French concurrence in the plans of other members of the Berlin Allied Control Council would come "within a few weeks—probably when the foreign ministers of the Big Four meet."

United States Secretary of State James F. Byrnes has proposed such a meeting in Paris, April 25.



BLENDING WHISKEY, 72% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS, 86.8 PROOF. GALLAGHER & BURTON, INC., BALTIMORE 3, MARYLAND

Now Do Dishes in Half the time

Simply soak dishes in soapless SCOOP. Remove and after a quick rinse—let dry. That's all—no wiping... yet dishes, silver, glassware dry by themselves to a dazzling brilliance. Soapless SCOOP leaves no streaky "soap-film" to polish away. See how much time you save cleaning up—for there's never any greasy ring 'round dishpan or sink.

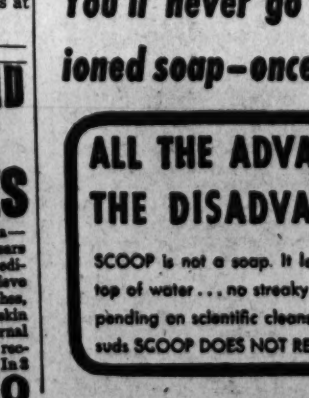
JUST SOAK—RINSE—LET DRY...NO WIPING!

That's all—no time wasted in needless dish-wiping. No rinsing over and over. Grease and grime are cut in a jiffy and slide right down the drain leaving not a trace behind. Even the strongest food odors disappear instantly.

You'll never go back to old-fashioned soap—once you use SCOOP

ALL THE ADVANTAGES—NONE OF THE DISADVANTAGES OF SOAP

SCOOP is not a soap. It leaves no dirt-filled "curd" to float on top of water... no streaky soap film to constantly wash off. Depending on scientific cleansing action that goes on regardless of suds SCOOP DOES NOT RELY ON "TOP-OF-THE-WATER-FOAM."



3 Honorary Degrees, Travel Through Road Aplenty on Truman Schedule

By the Associated Press

President Truman will make a flying visit to Hyde Park, N. Y.; New York City, Liberty, Mo., and Chestertown, Md., between now and June 1 and will receive three honorary college degrees.

Under a program announced yesterday, he also will attend the opening big-league baseball game here, speak to the Pan American Union, attend the Gridiron dinner of Washington newspapermen and hold an off-the-record press conference for members of the American Society of Newspaper Editors.

Press Secretary Charles G. Ross told a news conference Mr. Truman probably would fly to Liberty, Mo., on May 20 and will make a "few brief remarks" when he receives an honorary law degree at the college there.

After speaking at 2:45 p. m. (EST), he will return to Washington immediately after the ceremonies end.

Saturday night he will attend the gridiron dinner.

Mr. Truman will speak at the Pan-American day celebration at the Pan American union here next Monday, April 15.

On April 16 he will attend the opening game of the season between the Washington and Boston teams of the American League. The President's off-the-press conference for the newspaper editors will be held in the East Room of the White House April 18.

To Speak at Fordham

On May 11 he will go to New York for the 100th anniversary celebration of Fordham University, and will receive an honorary degree.

free. Mr. Truman will speak extemporaneously on the campus in the afternoon and make a prepared speech that night at a university dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria.

He goes to Chestertown, Md., June 1 to receive a degree from 1947.

Washington College. In announcing the schedule, Ross said that the only appointment Mr. Truman has definitely scheduled after June 1 is an engagement to attend Princeton University's 200th anniversary celebration in July.



Welcome as spring's first robin... the taste of this very fine blend!



BLENDING WHISKEY, 72% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS, 86.8 PROOF. GALLAGHER & BURTON, INC., BALTIMORE 3, MARYLAND



Room to stretch your legs in Milwaukee Road Coaches

IT'S HARD TO BEAT a Milwaukee Road train for all-around comfort and satisfaction. Consider, for example, just a few of the many conveniences and advantages of travel in Hiawatha-type coaches.

Room to move around—Your ticket buys not just a deep-seated reclining chair, but a big, roomy car—or a whole train—to stroll through. You get comfortable lounges; clean, well-equipped wash rooms.

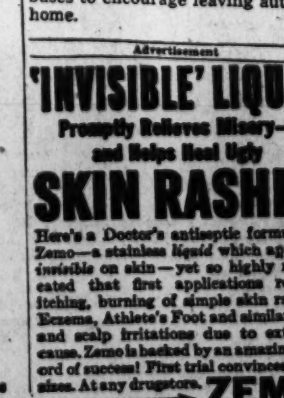
Smooth comfort—Modern train design and a seasoned, well-ballasted road-bed assure maximum riding comfort and restful silence.

Scenic charm—Wide windows beside your seat not only give you an unobstructed view, but provide an intimate close-up of the rivers and lakes, forests and towns along the route.

Weatherproof reliability—Stormy "fronts" of changing weather hold no discomfort; fog doesn't delay; slippery pavements are not a hazard. You get there on time on The Milwaukee Road.

Speed with economy—You travel at high speeds and, in large cities, you arrive and depart from downtown stations. Yet, even with these time-saving features, rail travel is thrifty. Round trip coach fares of less than two cents a mile put a low cost on luxury.

We're still busy carrying veterans home, but congestion is lessening. There'll be room for you on Milwaukee Road trains.



Atomic Audit Voted, Security Exception Left

By the Associated Press
Most expenditures of the proposed Atomic Energy Commission were made subject to audit yesterday under language written into domestic control legislation, but an exception was made for privately negotiated contracts on projects involving national security.

The special Senate Committee on Atomic Energy acted after Maj. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, head of the Army's Manhattan Project, testified he saw no objection to an audit by the General Accounting Office if provision were made for the commission to avoid competitive bidding in some instances.

Comptroller General Lindsay Warren, who had objected last week that tentative provisions of the bill left it up to the commission to decide whether it wanted an audit, presented a series of amendments. After Groves' testimony, the committee adopted the entire list, with only minor changes.

Would Have to Give Reason
Under terms of the revised section, the President would be permitted to waive regular governmental contract requirements in advance "whenever the President deems that such action is essential in the interest of the common defense and security."

When the commission wants to let contracts "without bidding," it would certify that such action was necessary. If the general accounting office questioned the certification, it would be required to file a showing of its reasons.

Chairman McMahon (D., Conn.) said that as he interprets the amendments, they would permit the accounting office to make its "usual" audit of commission finances, with the security exceptions.

Senator Byrd (D., Va.) who had protested against the original provision in the bill said he was satisfied with the changes.

Up to Other Committees
McMahon told reporters the committee took no action on a suggestion that a special fund for secret expenditures by the commission, similar to funds now maintained for the State Department and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, be authorized specifically in the bill.

The chairman said members agreed that the House and Senate Appropriations Committee already have authority to set up such funds if they chose.

The Connecticut Senator said the group would consider today the security sections of the measure, which, as presently drawn, permit the commission to set up censorship regulations with stiff fines and jail sentences for violations.

U.S. Spends 400 Million A Year on Atom Now

By the United Press
The United States is spending 400 million dollars a year to manufacture and improve atomic bombs and to explore new military and civilian uses for this cosmic force, a reliable source revealed yesterday.

Much of the program, this source said, is being financed out of the President's special war funds.

It was the first authentic disclosure of the scale on which the United States is continuing its atomic project, after a secret wartime outlay of more than 2 billion dollars to develop the first superbomb that blasted Japan into surrender.

Prince Georges Grand Jury Indicts 6 Men

The Prince Georges County grand jury, which convened at Marlboro April 1, has returned 10 indictments against six men.

The jury is considering 145 cases in a session which is expected to go into the third week.

Edward V. Ross of Fairmount Heights, who escaped from Marlboro Jail last December and was recaptured a few days later, was indicted for storehouse breaking, larceny and receiving stolen goods.

Joseph A. Knott of Hughesville was indicted for larceny and receiving stolen goods. He is accused of taking a purse containing \$76 in cash and a \$1255 check from Strick's Restaurant, Silver Hill, last November.

Alvin L. Stephenson was indicted on two counts each of storehouse breaking, larceny and receiving stolen goods, and for storehouse breaking with intent, motor vehicle larceny, receiving stolen goods and unlawful taking of a motor vehicle.

James W. Brown, Jr., was indicted for housebreaking, larceny, receiving stolen goods, and receiving stolen goods, and Haywood Smith of Sandy Spring for burglary, housebreaking and larceny.

P-TA Schedules UNRRA Aide

Miss Ruth Pardee, anthropologist with the Far East division of UNRRA, will speak before the Maury School P-T-A in Alexandria tonight at 8 o'clock.

Miss Pardee, who received a doctor of philosophy degree from Oxford University in England, will discuss her experiences during a three-year stay in Sumatra. Her talk will be illustrated by slides depicting Sumatran native life and customs.

At the business session, the association will elect officers for the coming year. Mrs. Milton S. Briggs is the retiring president.

Leather no more than a hundredth of an inch thick can be produced by the huge splitting machines used by modern tanners.

Abandoned in Church



POLICE HUNT PARENTS—This three-week-old boy, held by Gallinger Hospital Nurse Jewell Pennington, was found lying on a pew in St. Mary's Catholic Church, 5th st., between K and H sts. nw., Sunday. The blue-eyed, brown-haired infant wore a white dress, white bonnet and blue sweater and was wrapped in a pink and white blanket.

First Lady Sees Pathos in Tour Through Children's Hospital

Mrs. Bess Truman, First Lady of the Land, went to Children's Hospital yesterday. She went on a conducted tour of some of the wards in the hospital, with cameramen, hospital attaches and reporters dogging her footsteps.

She saw gay colored prints in some of the children's rooms, made with their own hands. She saw children's toys, fashioned by children whose fingers had been weakened by disease. The toys were helping them to regain the use of the muscles of their hands.

That was a cheerful thing to think about—fighting your way back to health making toys. Mrs. Truman nodded her approval.

Not so Cheerful
But as the little procession wended its way through some of the other wards, the air seemed to grow more stifling.

It was stuffy in the room where the visitors saw the little baby, about nine months old, exploring the architecture of his toes.

One of the reporters giggled: "He's more interested in his toes than he is in Mrs. Truman."

He was a cute little baby. But he was blind.

As the tour went on, hospital officials explained, "Of course, we know you haven't time to look at all the hospital—and there's not much point in showing you the part that's going to be torn down."

Next month, it was pointed out, the campaign will get underway to raise \$1,300,000 to finance construction of a 300-bed hospital and to replace some of the obsolescent portions of the hospital.

Mrs. Truman sat under glaring white lights and posed while approximately ten photographers and cameramen took shots of her smiling at a little like in the physical therapy room. The heat of the lights was raising globules of

sweat on the foreheads of the cameramen. Mrs. Truman remained composed.

Child Presents Gift
Mary Lou Forn, a 12-year-old girl with crippled hands and crippled feet, had fashioned a pair of earrings out of sea shells. Some one had found a box for them. Mary Lou presented them to Mrs. Truman with a smile. She didn't get up to make the presentation. For she was receiving therapy in a whirlpool bath.

Word spread rapidly through the hospital of Mrs. Truman's visit. All the children wanted to see her. One nurse came running after the delegation with a request for the First Lady's autograph. "One of the big boys wants it," she explained. Mrs. Truman wrote something in a tattered autograph book and continued.

Sees Polio Victim
Time grew shorter. In the polio ward, Mrs. Truman posed again. She talked to Joe Just, who has spent the last two years in an iron lung, having his body gently inflated with oxygen and then deflated again. He watched the goings-on in the room through his shiny mirror, and smiled.

Mrs. Truman explained that she had another appointment. She would have to leave. But first, a nurse said, please stop and speak to my patient. He was a little boy swathed in pressure bandages. He is suffering from second-degree burns. On his wheel chair was a soft bunny, an elephant and a duck. He looked at Mrs. Truman gravely, and then she turned away, he said, very softly, "Hello."

He watched her as she stepped onto the elevator, and the door closed. The cage dropped out of sight. Then the nurse wheeled him back into his room.

and thus clear the way for American Bar Association recognition.

The reorganization feature would give the University Alumni Association power to select two thirds of the trustees. Of their share half would be graduates. The other third would be selected by the Board of Directors of the YMCA in Washington.

Under present operation, eight of the 12 trustees represent the YMCA and four represent the alumni.

WHEN FOOD DISAGREES
"Pepto-Bismol is good for that"

Next time your dinner doesn't set well, and you feel sick and miserable, try soothing PEPTO-BISMOL help you. Relieves heartburn, sour, upset stomach—helps retard gas formation and simple diarrhea. Ask your druggist for PEPTO-BISMOL when your stomach is upset.

A NORWICH PRODUCT

advice to newlyweds
Here's something for you newlyweds—and for you not-so-newlyweds who are finally getting started on postwar housekeeping.

It's real, friendly help on your food and meal problems—given by Bill Bivens, on the Fred Waring Show.

It comes to you as a part of radio's biggest daytime show, with Fred Waring's famous Pennsylvanians—orchestra, glee club, solo stars, singing groups and plenty of good, honest fun.

The Fred Waring Show is on all NBC stations each morning Monday through Friday, and is sponsored by the American Meat Institute on Tuesday and Thursday.

French Hold Duce's 'Friend' as Spy

Paris, April 8 (AP).—Police were holding today on charges of espionage beautiful brunette Madeleine Coraboeu, friend of Benito Mussolini in prewar days when she was known to the Paris theatrical world as Magda de Fontanges.

Magda, who caused a sensation in 1937 when she fired two revolver shots and wounded Count Charles De Chambrun, French Ambassador to Rome, because he re-

vealed her friendship with "my Benito," was arrested last Friday at her home at Poulle-Les-Coteaux, a few miles from here.

After receiving a suspended sentence from a French court in connection with the shooting, she went to New York to appear in a night club. Immigration authorities sought to bar her entry. She fought them in the courts for two months, then gave up and returned to Paris.

In January, 1940, Magda was released from a Nantes prison on September 15, after serving one month of a four-month term for forging false identity documents.

After her release she returned to her home, from which she made frequent trips to visit Italian friends on the Riviera. Nantes police quoted her as saying she still "admired" the former Duce.

Rene Floriot, noted attorney, who defended her in the trial in 1937, will be asked to come to her aid on the espionage charges, she said. He was defense attorney for Dr. Marcel Petiot, who was convicted last week of the murder of 27 refugees from German occupation forces.

UNRRA Ships Electric Light Plants to China
By the Associated Press
Eleven complete electric light power plants purchased by UNRRA are scheduled to arrive in China early this month, it was announced today.

The plants, ranging to 2000 kilowatts, will be used to rehabilitate power facilities to devastated areas. A second shipment is scheduled to reach China in mid-May.

If a person learned the names of 25 new insects each day, it would take him more than 60 years to memorize all those which scientists have described and catalogued.

MILK BOTTLE SHORTAGE IS CRITICAL
Your Milk Supply is Threatened By Failure to Return Bottles

STORE MILK BUYERS! Won't you please return every Chestnut Farms milk bottle at once? Take them to the store where you buy milk, or put them out for our Chestnut Farms milkman.

CHESTNUT FARMS DAIRY

"Yes! Medical Science Offers PROOF POSITIVE!"
says Joseph Cotten

Starring in **DUEL in the SUN**
A David O. Selznick Production

No Other Leading Cigarette is Safer to Smoke!

No Other Gives You LESS NICOTINE

LESS THROAT IRRITANTS

than the NEW, Smoother, Better Tasting

Raleigh

Why Joseph Cotten Smokes Raleighs Now!

"I've studied the reports on brand after brand," says Mr. Cotten, "and I'm convinced Medical Science has proved no other cigarette gives you less nicotine... less throat irritants... is safer to smoke! Raleighs are right—right for taste, right for throat!"

Grantland Rice Smokes Raleighs Now!

"I studied the 'inside figures' on brand after brand, and the evidence convinced me!" says Grantland Rice, of Sportlight fame. "Now I'm sure Raleighs are right—right for taste, right for throat! I'm convinced Medical Science has proved no other cigarette gives you less nicotine, less throat irritants... is safer to smoke. From now on, I'd rather have a Raleigh!"

Bill Stern, Sportscaster, Picks a Winner in Raleighs!

"Performance is what makes champions," says Mr. Stern. "So I checked the performance of America's six leading brands in tests certified by distinguished doctors, including throat specialists. And Medical Science has proved you can't beat Raleighs for less nicotine, less throat irritants... for all-round safer smoking. Sure, I'd rather have a Raleigh!"

Tests Based on a Method Used by the U. S. Government

PLAIN OR TIPPED UNION MADE

Crash Causes Water Shut-Off In Marlboro

More than 200 families and the business section of Marlboro, Md., including the county courthouse, were without water service for four hours yesterday after an automobile sheared off a hydrant.

An estimated 80,000 gallons of water flowed into a field at Marlboro, Md., where the hydrant was located, before workmen could shut off the water supply from the 100,000-gallon storage tank.

The tank is filled from artesian wells. Wesley R. Kerr, water and sewer maintenance chief, said a shutoff valve on Rectory In. was recently covered when the road was resurfaced. He had to close the main valve on the storage tank.

Prince Georges County Police Sgt. Elton Turner said the driver of the automobile was Mrs. Florence C. Crain of 2943 Tilden st. nw., Washington. The accident happened at 11:30 a. m.

Elephant leather is so heavy that a hide takes three years to tan. But cattle hide can be tanned in only a few weeks with modern methods.

The highlight of twilight
When the long day ends,
Is that measure of pleasure
A good drink lends.

—H. E. Kelley

The highlight of twilight

The touch-of-quality is definitely upon Old Thompson because it's blended in Kentucky by Glenmore.

Glenmore Distillers Co., Incorporated
Louisville, Kentucky.

OLD THOMPSON
Blended Whiskey BRAND
40.1 proof—45% grain neutral spirits.

A BETTER BLEND FOR BETTER DRINKS

"Yes! Medical Science Offers PROOF POSITIVE!"

says Joseph Cotten

Starring in **DUEL in the SUN**
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Tests Based on a Method Used by the U. S. Government

PLAIN OR TIPPED UNION MADE

The Washington Post

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Eugene Meyer, Editor and Publisher

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Three Months \$3.50
One Month \$1.20
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Daily and Sunday: One Year \$12.75
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One Month \$1.30

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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200.

Tuesday, April 9, 1946

Health In Virginia

Several months ago, in making a comprehensive report to the Governor advocating immediate expansion of rural medical facilities, the Virginia Advisory Legislative Council pointed out some rather disturbing facts about health conditions in that State. Citing an earlier congressional report, the committee emphasized that in 1944 one third of the counties in Virginia had a ratio of more than 3000 people to each active physician, and two counties had more than 20,000 to each doctor. Forty-two States made better showings than Virginia on selective service rejections for health reasons, and the rate of rural rejections was higher than in cities. The recommended ratio of hospital beds to each 1000 of population is 4.5. Virginia ranked thirty-third in the country, with an average of 3.1, and 63 of its counties had a ratio of only 1.1 hospital beds per 1000 people. Rural families were especially lacking in provision for adequate medical facilities they could afford to patronize.

It is encouraging that the Virginia Assembly, before it adjourned, enacted many of the committee's more important recommendations into legislative action. Recognizing that a mere increase in rural physicians is not enough without a parallel increase in hospital facilities, it made available a revolving fund from which areas may borrow up to 45 per cent of the cost of constructing regional hospitals. The Legislature provided 20 medical scholarships at State medical schools, with the requirement that the recipient agree to serve one year in a rural area for each year he benefits from such assistance. A health service encompassing the entire State, instead of only 40 counties, was made possible by a one-million-dollar grant. This will allow, among other things, preschool examinations for children. In addition, the Assembly established a cancer unit to conduct an educational campaign, and provided for a master planning survey by the State public health department. The only major area in which the advisory committee's recommendations were ignored was in licensing and inspection of hospitals, a matter which, although it received some opposition from interested groups, ought to be included on the next legislative agenda.

By and large the Virginia Assembly's action is a good start toward improving conditions that are far from bright. Money intelligently spent on making more adequate medical facilities available to people who need them will pay strong dividends in a healthier citizenry in the future.

Luxury Craze

The general grab for scarce goods has so disillusioned a former War that she has realigned to get out of civilian life. Miss Viola Leonard of Medford, Mass., who earned the bronze battle star in New Guinea, found life at home too strenuous because she was shoved and pushed around so much by shoppers. "Everybody has gone crazy over luxuries," she said. "The war has changed people." Naturally the spectacle of nylon queues, of mobs at lingerie and costume jewelry counters, of meales over a few stalks of bananas might seem strange to service people home from places where living has been harsh and even primitive. But anyone who has known the part trinkets played in winning the friendship of South Sea natives during the war should not be too surprised when the equivalent draws crowds in this country.

The war has not changed people, but, rather, has brought their acquisitive instincts into the open because of the scarcity of goods it developed. That is true throughout the world. It is responsible for the flourishing black markets of Europe, for the fantastic inflation that exists in some places. Russians, particularly, for all their scorn of "bourgeois" acquisitiveness, are said to be the most eager patrons of the black market in Berlin, and even try to buy the shoes off of American GIs whom they encounter. For Russia in its long preparation for war has done without its normal commodities of peace.

True, in the United States, supplies have been relatively plentiful. But Americans are accustomed and educated to luxuries more than any other people. During prewar years high pressure advertising and promotion were directed toward "selling" them the idea they could not live without this or that product. Increased wages during the war years—in 1944 half of all families and single persons had incomes of \$2700 or more—made it possible for many to attain the luxuries that had been dangled before them. However, many necessities also became

scarce, hence the pushing, shoving and grabbing. Possibly if Wac Leonard gets sent back to New Guinea or some other primitive place, she may have an interlude of peace. But not for long. For it is the aim of economists, peace makers, humanitarians and industrialists to raise living standards throughout the world. That means everybody will eventually be pushing and shoving, at least until there is a surfeit of goods. Judging from the situation here, that day doesn't seem to be near at hand.

Food And Politics

The Russian shipment of wheat to France is so heavily charged with politics that the news of the first arrival is bound to have a mixed reception in America. It is gratifying that the French stock of foodstuffs is being added to; for food is badly needed in France, as elsewhere in Europe, before the next harvest. But the to-do about the shipment is a trifle nauseating.

The Russians, a recipient nation for aid from UNRRA, some time ago announced their readiness to send food to France. The news caused some eyebrow-raising, especially in the light of the bad conditions in the Balkans, where the swollen Red armies are living off the lean countryside. But food is food, and everybody welcomed the prospect that the French were about to get more to eat. The shipment, however, does not bear out the philanthropic impulse that emanated from the first announcement. It was not explained that the Russians expected to be paid on the dotted line in American dollars. Nor was transport mentioned, with the result that when UNRRA acquired an American boat to be sent to Odessa to pick up the initial cargo, the Russians decided to shift it to another port and loaded the first consignment onto a Russian boat. And all the attendant publicity seems to have been made in Russia. At Marseille the Minister of Foreign Affairs and the Russian Ambassador gave the food-ship a kind of royal reception which put the shipment on the front pages throughout France.

The French have every reason to rejoice whenever in these hard times they get even a boatload of foodstuffs. But, if there is any gratitude to dispense, we could wish sometimes that they were a little more impartial. It would have been pleasant, for instance, to have seen the greeters on the docks last year when the first boatload of American coal arrived. Instead, the shipments were taken for granted. It is only when shipments stop that the situation on American supplies seems to call for comment. Coal has now been stopped by John L. Lewis' strike, and the contrast between American nondeliveries and Russian deliveries is likely to be stressed all over France. Leave it to the French Communists, with their screaming press and excellent organization. The French mind, we venture to say, will be drenched with the contrast.

This is the kind of thing with which our State Department has to cope. Senator Wherry, who is itching to investigate our diplomatic arm for something or other, might take cognizance of this dilemma. In these difficult days the State Department requires the aid and understanding of the Senate, as the War Department did in the war. Particularly it should spur the department to pursue a policy having as its first objective the stabilization of the countries of western Europe. First things must come first in this pressing world.

The first thing now is to support the countries which give access to this continent. We have suggested many times a line of action beginning with the settlement of the problem of the Ruhr and Ruhr coal. This comes ahead of any credit arrangement with France. Indeed, in view of the political strategy which Russia and her Communist supporters are practicing in France, in view also of the approaching election in France, the timing of any credit arrangement is almost as important as the credit itself. The Russians are forcing this country to practice rival diplomacy by actions such as the food shipment to France which are intended to bring more kudos to Russia than sustenance to France.

Office Space

The President has empowered the Public Building Administration to order Federal agencies to relinquish space in private buildings if such space is not being used economically. With the progressive demobilization of the armed forces, opportunities undoubtedly exist for concentrating scattered groups attached to the War and Navy Departments in Federal buildings or shifting them so as to make room for other agencies. On the other hand, the expansion of emergency wartime agencies has seriously cramped some of the permanent civilian employees attached to departments and agencies that are taking on more work and are increasing their personnel. The Veterans' Administration is an outstanding example of a space-hungry group of this type.

Whether any considerable amount of space will promptly be relinquished as a result of the order, either here or in other parts of the country, depends upon a number of factors which the Public Buildings Administration cannot control. The recently slowed-down pace of demobilization of Federal personnel is a real obstacle to space conservation. For if an agency is slated for complete liquidation, or for a sharp reduction in personnel, it may not be feasible to shift it to new quarters for a limited period of time. In brief, as the deputy administrator of the Federal Works Agency says, "fundamentally the problem is based on the whole picture of liquidating Federal agencies which have cropped up since the war." Unless that liquidation process is speeded up, a lot of space that is desperately needed for private

office and residential use, will continue to be cluttered up with the desks and equipment of Federal employees whose services are no longer needed, but who have to stay put until discharged.

Teachers' Colleges

The war years have brought a sharp drop in enrollment in the two District teachers' colleges which have as their primary function the training of teaching personnel for the District school system. More than 1000 full-time students attended these institutions in each of the five years prior to 1941. But in 1941, the number dropped to 884; in 1942 to 806; last year it went up somewhat to 893. No doubt this diminution is attributable in some measure to the pull of the armed forces. But since women very greatly predominate in the student body, it is reasonable to infer that the factor contributing most significantly to the falling off in enrollment was the superior pay afforded by jobs in the Government and in private industry.

The effects of this are just now being made manifest. The District schools turn for recruitment to the graduating classes of the teachers' colleges. Last fall they had but a relatively small number of graduates among whom to choose. Next fall the number will be even smaller. The District schools cannot get enough qualified teachers to meet their swollen classroom needs. This is why the system is now using no less than 474 temporary teachers who do not possess the qualifications for regular assignments.

Each of the teachers' colleges is permitted to accept only 150 freshmen each year. At Wilson College in normal times between 200 and 300 used to apply. But the number of applications a year and a half ago amounted to a mere 70; and last fall only 100 were admitted. The obvious reason was that jobs were open in the Government which paid high-school graduates as much as they could hope to get as teachers after four years of college training. College graduates can get considerably more in the Government than they can get by entering the District school system. As a result, about one third of the Wilson graduates do not go into teaching at all when they have finished their college course; a considerable number of them do not even take the teaching examinations. At Miner College, which trains Negro teachers, the situation is less acute for the unhappy reason that comparatively few jobs outside of teaching are open to Negroes with college backgrounds.

Of course, the importance of Wilson College to the community cannot be measured in terms of its full-time student enrollment. It serves a considerable number of teachers already in the school system who attend its courses on a part-time basis in order to secure advanced degrees. And it trains many nurses for the District's hospitals. Its failure to enroll an adequate number of full-time students and to train them for service in the District schools is in no sense a reflection upon its own adequacy; it stands high among the country's institutions of its kind. But it cannot draw a sufficient number of high-caliber men and women into a profession so underpaid as to offer no reasonable hope of security to its practitioners. The District schools and the District school children are the losers.

Once And For All

Final authority for the use of U. N. as the official abbreviation for the United Nations comes from Benjamin A. Cohen, assistant U. N. secretary general. Nowhere in the Charter, he says, is the phrase United Nations Organization mentioned. Hence "UNO" is incorrect. This statement should be enough to convince the remaining hold-outs. We hope it also convinces the State Department. That august stickler for propriety, after pointing out the discrepancy several months ago, persists in gumming the works by neglecting its own gospel. The latest instance is the Acheson report on atomic energy, which includes references to the United Nations Organization. Some persons will see in this the implication that the State Department sees not the beam in its own eye, that the left hand is ignorant of the right, or that it will have no truck with newfangled ideas. We prefer the more charitable view that the department needs some competent proofreaders—badly. In reports, as in diplomacy, consistency remains a virtue which the State Department can never be accused of seeking too much.

SEA HARVEST

Pale gold and coral is the morning under a mackerel sky,
As pale as shell is the wave's faint flush of foam;
Fresh as the light is the cool salt wind from the sea,
And fresh are the treasures the tide is bringing home.

Here is a fragile spiral of conch shell, thin as glass,
And here the translucent golden carapace of crab;
There an ivory whorl of nautilus, green-silver of seaweed,
And—but what is this that drifts in, gray and drab?

Perhaps a life-jacket left from the war. But surely not.
Put it down, child; it is not a thing of your concern.
Come, we will watch the sea like rippled silk in the dawn,
The rock where barnacles glitter and silver gull wings burn.

FREDERICK EBRIGHT

"Got Any Idea How It Happened?"



Letters To The Editor

Russian Victory

Any attempt to claim a victory for the United Nations in the Iranian controversy seems to me to be both misleading and disingenuous.

The plain and melancholy truth of the situation, as now confirmed by the announcement of an "agreement" between Russia and Iran, is that it was a complete victory for the Soviet Union gained by overwhelming pressure on a weak, disorganized small nation. It was a smashing defeat for the Security Council and for the smaller nations.

The Security Council simply avoided an embarrassing showdown by sidestepping the real issue. The Soviet Union gained needed time for the gradual strangulation of Iran. Nothing could be done to help that unhappy country.

The time surely has come for honest thinking and plain thinking. We cannot afford to indulge in circumlocutions and illusions. The American people are entitled to the truth. We must face the facts courageously.

The basic fact is that nothing effective can be done to arrest the glacial action of Russia in crushing its neighbors, as instanced by the case of Azerbaijan. No one should be fooled by the sinister statement issued by Russia and Iran "with regard to Azerbaijan, since it is an internal Iranian affair."

One country after another, from the Baltic to the Balkans and to the Pacific, has succumbed to this kind of pressure and strangulation. Turkey and Iraq may easily be the next victims.

To claim, therefore, that the inaction of the Security Council resulted in a "victory" is a grotesque perversion of the facts, an affront to the intelligence and the moral character of the American people. Nothing is to be gained by circumlocutions or weasel phrases. We should be grateful that the Australian delegate on the Security Council alone realized the truth of this tragic situation and had the courage to speak out.

If the other nations can do nothing to arrest this action of Russia they can at least remain united in devotion to high principles. They can be on their guard against any devious attempts to destroy their unity. And it is vital that the United States and Great Britain should hold steady and united in order to meet other similar emergencies such as this disastrous instance of Iran.

PHILIP MARSHALL BROWN.
Washington, April 6.

Collateral Bonds

Reporting a meeting of the Washington Board of Trade traffic committee, The Post of April 6 made the following statement: "Judge Brice Claggett attacked the present system of permitting violators to forfeit collateral bond and thus escape trial for violations."

This is a mistake, inadvertent I am sure. What I said was directly to the contrary. Some persons are advocating the abolition of Washington's present system of permitting violators of the less-serious traffic regulations to deposit collateral at the police precincts and then electing to forfeit instead of coming to court. These persons want traffic offenders to go to a central violations bureau and either deposit collateral or pay fines there. I was opposing this suggestion. I see no reason why a motorist receiving, say, a parking ticket, should have to go all the

National Drawing

In Boston, when our country fair was held on Cornhill at harvest time, the farmers and artisans exhibited their products and the Governor drew prize tickets, the money going to defray the expense of the State government.

The call for financial aid, in such a manner, has no atmosphere of a lottery, as many people erroneously imagine. For they must remember that a lottery is a "game of chance," an uncertainty, but in a "national drawing" if I purchase a \$5 or a \$1 ticket, I know I have paid it to myself as that money goes into the Treasury of the United States, and if I fail to win a prize, I have a far greater satisfaction to know that my dollar went to aid my country, and you can bet that is no lottery but a certainty! Let us have a national drawing.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL,
Dorchester, Mass., April 3.

Sins Of Tenants

Some of the housing shortage is due to "the sins of the fathers." Just as we can't get domestic help because of the systematic effort of a generation ago to "keep servants in their place," so we won't rent our houses and possessions because we have learned what happens to them.

The pattern of renters has been established over a long period, during which many of us kept hoping that someone would appreciate our cherished belongings and live up to their promises, but no one ever did. You'd be surprised at what "nice people" will do. There are apartments now vacant for months at a time. Their owners would gladly have them used but they don't dare.

MRS. P. B.
Washington, April 17.

Wishful Thinking On Army Reform

The considerable discussion to date on the alleged abuses existing within the Army's system of relations between officers and enlisted men seems to be veering away from logic into the realms of wishful thinking.

As with the reluctance of parents to contribute sons to the armies of occupation, and the average soldier's distaste for such duty, the present trend of thinking merely reflects the reluctance of the present-day American to forsake his luxuries for the sterner responsibilities of civilization, for which, unfortunately, the Army is one of the principal agencies.

The Army is not, and has never been, an adult metamorphosis of the Boy Scouts. Nor has any army in the history of the world been such. Its tasks during wartime are grim and absolute, and the fact that Special Services, the Red Cross, USO, etc., have participated in the recent conflicts in an effort to make the soldier's lot a happier one, reflects the altruism and tolerance of our professional military leaders. Certainly the presence of these organizations constituted an administrative expense and effort.

It is certainly not the wish of the military leaders to make the soldier's life unnecessarily unhappy. The state of war assumes that responsibility. In the final analysis, war boils down to a duel of bitter men in foxholes facing each other across no-man's land, with a lot of other people behind them, theoretically assisting them in their lethal duties.

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Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

A Site For U. N.

NEW YORK.—As the fledgling United Nations prepared to meet new problems, it is preparing also to find a new place to live.

The Hunter College site in the Bronx is in many ways unsatisfactory. There is no centralized office space. U. N. officers have taken quarters in several buildings on the Hunter campus. But no one seems to know where they are, and the visitor finds himself wandering from classroom to classroom, often in a vain search for the official he desires to see.

Even if the setting were a perfect one, U. N. would still be faced with the problem of a temporary home. The lease on Hunter College expires on May 15 and New York City's board of higher education wants to reclaim the college. A nervous and uncertain refugee, the new world organization is looking anxiously for another location. You have the feeling that it is hanging on precariously to the right to live in this great city that is crowded as never before in the midst of a mounting boom.

THE CONTRAST is sometimes startling between the roar and the rush of the city, with its Babylonian glitter, and the frail new organization seeking a place to rest. It is sometimes accentuated by small incidents.

One of the delegations occupies a number of hotel rooms in a lesser known hotel. One of the rooms was unoccupied, awaiting the arrival of a diplomat from Europe. The hotel management sent up word that the room would have to be paid for in advance to make sure it would not be assigned to someone on the long waiting list for rooms.

The new site for U. N. that seems fairly certain of approval is the abandoned plant of the Sperry Gyroscope Co. at Lake Success on Long Island. There is more than enough office space at the Sperry plant. One of the warehouses could be converted without too much difficulty into a meeting place for the Council and the Assembly.

The Long Island site has at least one of the disadvantages of Hunter College. It is 18 miles from the center of Manhattan, which would mean an even longer trip for the delegates from the living quarters. That is one thing they have disliked about Hunter—making the trip to the Bronx and then throughout the day being separated from their headquarters.

Members of some of the delegations think wistfully of the quiet and peace of Geneva in the old days of the League of Nations. Certainly, no contrast could be greater. The little city on the beautiful lake in Switzerland was a sedate, untroubled place. The great and the near-great who went there for the league sessions were grateful for the calm environment. There were those who believed it was too isolated in the almost pastoral setting of Geneva.

That could never be said of the temporary home that the new league has found pending the time when it will build its own home. What Wordsworth said about getting and spending and the world being too much with us never had such force as it does here today in the vast human beehive.

Mayor O'Dwyer recently submitted an executive budget calling for the expenditure in the fiscal year 1946-47 of \$87,131,489. In 1910, the entire Federal Government spent only 651 million dollars. That's a measure of how far centralization has gone and how extensive is the apparatus of government necessary to manage the largest city in the world.

One could wish that the welcome to U. N. had been a little more real. In New York are great theaters, great auditoriums, many storied office buildings. Yet there is no space for U. N. except on the fringes. It is something of a city-state, a sign and symbol of our highly centralized civilization—is indifferent to everything but its own stupendous roar.

The new organization should not be plagued with the question of a site. That is an elementary bit of housekeeping which should be settled at once. Far more pressing problems are what determining the success or failure of U. N. will come up for solution.

Spain, Greece, Indonesia, Egypt, these are only the beginning. The least the U. N. must have is a settled place for debate and discussion.

District Auditorium

Yearly to read appeals for funds to help the National Symphony. Their concerns are generally well attended, and many of us suspect that the exorbitant fee asked by the D. A. R. for the use of Constitution Hall may be at the root of some of their financial ills.

Why doesn't The Post read a campaign for the erection of a District of Columbia Municipal Auditorium? Civic enterprises like the Symphony, Choral Society, etc., could use it for a nominal fee, and it would still be a source of income from other concerts if its only competitor is the expensive and acoustically-poor Constitution Hall. Furthermore it would leave Washington's musical diet unenriched by the D. A. R. as far as race, creed and color go.

Do you know of any European capital which has no hall where opera may be performed? I know of no other large city in this country which the Metropolitan Opera simply could not include in its spring tour because of inadequacy of stage.

Is it symbolic of our culture that we can arouse enthusiasm for a stadium, but no agitation for an adequate auditorium? READERS
Washington, April 3.

9 More File In Maryland Primary Race

Annapolis, Md., April 8 (AP).—Extensive battles for Democratic primary nominations June 24 were indicated today when nine candidates filed their formal certificates with the Secretary of State—as many as in any single previous month.

The filing included that of Thomas E. Cook of Frederick, seeking the Democratic nomination for Governor, three of aspirants to the comptroller nomination and five to Congress seats.

The first three candidates to file for comptroller were John B. Funk of Brunswick, Frederick County, and Charles Rolosen, Jr., of Baltimore, both Democrats, and Edwin C. Hook of Hagerstown, Republican.

Four Seek Baldwin Seat

Meanwhile a scramble for Representative H. Street Baldwin's spot in the House of Representatives was pressed in four more filings for the position.

William Burke Collins, Herbert L. Grymes, and Robert S. DiPaula, all of Baltimore, formally filed, bringing the Democratic candidates to five.

The others are Claude A. Hanley, Towson, and Hugh A. Meade, Baltimore.

A Republican, David G. Harry, Harford County, also filed for his party nomination to the Second Congressional District seat.

Two other congressional candidates who filed today were William H. Lloyd, Dorchester County farmer and Edward T. Miller, Eastern, Talbot County attorney. Both seek the Republican nomination in the First Congressional District.

1942 Results Recalled

Cook was the 1942 primary opponent of Governor O'Connor. At that time he polled 17,566 votes against the governor's 157,089.

The other five Democrats still in the field for governor are Stephen B. Peddicord, Baltimore; W. Preston Lane, Jr., Hagerstown; Rep. H. Street Baldwin, Baltimore County; Comptroller J. Millard Tawes, Crisfield, and Vincent F. Long, Baltimore.

Navy Academy Need of Space Cited by Fitch

Annapolis, Md., April 8 (AP).—Vice Admiral Aubrey W. Fitch told the board of visitors of the Naval Academy today that acquisition of adjoining land would be necessary for the accommodation of as many as 7,500 midshipmen at the school.

A plan for the peace time education of naval officers, now under congressional study, would increase the output of the Academy to about 1,500 annually, the Academy superintendent said in an address to a meeting of the board.

Fitch asserted that the Academy was "confronted with a critical inadequacy of space, both interior and exterior. Only the minimum essentials in buildings have been provided to accommodate the 4,000 midshipmen currently housed in nearly 3,000 midshipmen. The entire Academy is in need of extra space for laboratories, glass rooms, store rooms, shops and offices."

Fitch noted that the board in 1945 had said that irrespective of any plans for expanding the student capacity, there was immediate necessity for a new auditorium and field house.

In connection with the newly established department of aviation, Fitch said, there is need for property in the immediate vicinity for construction of an airfield. Surveys of the Annapolis area, he said, are being made to determine the feasibility of land planes within 5 miles of the Academy. Fitch said, adding that the immediate acquisition and development of this property should be undertaken.

Arundel Plagued By Forest Blazes

Annapolis, Md., April 8 (AP).—A series of fires occurred in Anne Arundel County over the weekend, destroying one barn and damaging woodlands extensively.

Firemen estimated the loss at \$2,000 when a barn owned by Ludwig Feschauer on Ridge road was lost.

Seven county fire companies fought a blaze in the woods near Glen Burnie High School, and three companies, aided by 90 soldiers from Fort Meade, and State Forestry Department employees, battled another woods fire south of Glen Burnie.

Another woods fire occurred at Mayfield, a one-story work house, was burned at Manassas Beach, and brush fires brought out firemen at several locations in the county.

Frederick Pastor Retires After 36 Years

Frederick, Md., April 8 (AP).—The Rev. Dr. H. L. G. Keiffer, pastor of the Evangelical Reformed Church, has announced his resignation, effective May 1, after 36 years at the church. He said he is resigning because of ill health.

A congregational meeting will be held April 28 to name Keiffer's successor. Present acting minister is the Rev. Paul L. Althouse, recently discharged Army chaplain and Salpan veteran.

George W. Busler, Leonardtown, Md., April 8 (AP).—Funeral rites were held today in Christ Church, Chapel for George W. Busler, merchant, and tavern owner of St. Clements Shores, who died Friday. Surviving are his wife and four children; also three brothers and two sisters.

Ex-OPA Aide Freed in Gas Coupon Theft

Richmond, Va., April 8 (AP).—George N. Hillman, 29, former chief clerk of the OPA ration board, in Petersburg, was placed on probation for five years by Judge Robert N. Pollard in Federal District Court today, after he had pleaded guilty to charges of illegal possession and sale of "B" and "C" gas rationing coupons.

Assistant United States Attorney George B. Humrickhouse had recommended a sentence of one year.

Testimony at the trial disclosed that Hillman had taken 10,000 coupons, representing 50,000 gallons of gasoline, from a Petersburg bank, where they were being held for safekeeping.

Herbert T. Williams, Jr., OPA district enforcement agent for the Richmond office, testified that the coupons were to have been destroyed and declared that records were changed to show what the coupons had been burned.

He stated, under cross examination, that there had been "some irregularity" in the signing of a statement by Hillman and J. A. Balvin, then supervisor of the board, declaring that the coupons had been destroyed.

Va. Death Rate At Record Low In War Years

Charlottesville, Va., April 8 (AP).—Virginia's death rate has fallen to an all-time low, according to a summary by Anna R. Thomas of the Virginia State Health Department Bureau of Vital Statistics, appearing in the mid-April issue of the University of Virginia News Letter.

In spite of "obviously unfavorable living conditions" resulting from war activities, an average annual number of 28,713 persons died in Virginia from all causes during the war years, Miss Thomas writes.

The rate is 10.2 per 1,000 population. During the prewar period (1929-41), the average rate was 10.9, while in 1917 it was 14 per 1,000.

Miss Thomas, supervising statistician of the Health Department Bureau of Vital Statistics, notes a "marked downward trend in deaths during the past decade." During the war, death rates in war industrial centers were lower than the State rate of 10.2 per 1,000, she finds, with deaths from communicable diseases decreasing 20 per cent below prewar figures over the entire State.

Virginia's population during the war years was 2,810,089 in 1942, 2,868,639 in 1943, and 2,800,000 in 1944, Miss Thomas writes.

An acceleration in Virginia's birth rate brought a maximum of 23.4 births per 1,000 population in 1943, the statistician points out, as compared with a prewar average of 20.5. Maternal deaths continued a ten-year downward trend during the war, she reported, with only three deaths annually per 1,000 live births.

The wartime average annual rate of 69.4 illegitimate births per 1,000 live births was the Old Dominion's lowest since 1931, Miss Thomas finds.

Librarian Hurt In Rotunda Fall

Winchester, Va., April 8 (AP).—Miss Rose Thomas Smith, 23, assistant librarian at the Handley Library here, was in a serious condition today at a Winchester hospital after falling from the railing of the third floor rotunda to the first floor of the building.

C. Vernon Eddy, librarian, said he believed Miss Smith had become dizzy and lost her balance. No one saw her fall, but broken plaster at the top of the stairs gave evidence she had tried to catch hold of the wall.

Miss Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Smith, live at Galax.

VA Office Opened On Eastern Shore

Baltimore, April 8 (AP).—A Veterans' Administration contact unit was opened in Cambridge today with monthly itinerant service for Chestertown, Centerville, Denton and Easton, W. L. Limburg, manager of the Baltimore regional office, announced.

Limburg said the new unit would be headed by Frederick J. O'Connell, Baltimore veteran who has overseas two years as a member of the 101st Airborne Division. Limburg added that the Cambridge unit would be expanded into a subregional office.

Other full-time field contact units are situated at Salisbury, Cumberland, Frederick and Annapolis, and subregional office is located at Hagerstown.

2 Westminster Women Hurt in Auto Collision

Baltimore, April 8 (AP).—Two Westminster (Md.) women, Miss Helen Jones, 23, and Mrs. Emma Sprinkler, passengers in two cars which collided here early today, are patients at the Union Memorial Hospital.

Miss Jones was reported to have sustained a fractured jaw and Mrs. Sprinkler bruises and severe lacerations of the forehead. George G. Buschman, driver of the car in which Miss Jones was riding, and Ellsworth B. Sprinkler, Mrs. Sprinkler's husband and driver of the other car, were uninjured.

Doctors Meet Today

Luray, Va., April 8 (AP).—The Medical Society of Northern Virginia, consisting of more than 100 doctors from this section, will hold its April meeting here tomorrow morning. Guest speaker will be Dr. Byrd Leavell, University of Virginia.

U. of Va. Lists 15 Faculty Appointments

Charlottesville, Va., April 8 (AP).—President John Lloyd Newcomb of the University of Virginia today announced the appointment of 15 new faculty members, including Col. Sidman P. Poole, chief of the topographic branch, research unit, of the military intelligence service, to the new position of professor of geography.

Colonel Poole, who will head the university's new school of geography, has been professor of geography at Syracuse University since 1932 and is known as an explorer, author and editor. Since November, 1940, he has been an officer of the military intelligence service and now is chairman of the joint intelligence studies publishing board.

Other appointments by the board of visitors are: Dr. Francis P. Parker, elected associate professor of pathology. He has been assistant professor of pathology at Emory University and served as a colonel in the Army Medical Corps in the European and African theaters of war.

Dr. Robert M. Hubbard, a chemical engineer and a former member of the University of Michigan faculty, elected associate professor of chemical engineering.

Dr. Horton Holcombe Hobbs, Jr., professor of biology at the University of Florida, elected associate professor of biology.

Dr. Edward P. Ney, a 1946 graduate of the University of Virginia who received his Ph.D., elected assistant professor of physics.

William W. Austin, a native Oklahoman who has been a teaching fellow at Harvard University, elected assistant professor of physics.

Former Rhodes Scholar Emerson G. Spies, who taught international law and government contracts for the Army's Judge Advocate General's School, named assistant professor of law, Spies, a Rhodes scholar from Hobart College, received two degrees in law from Oxford University, was for two years tutorial fellow at the University of Chicago Law School and a practicing attorney in New York City before entering the Army.

Wayne A. Wallace, a civilian staff member of the topographic branch of the Army Military Intelligence, appointed assistant professor of geography at the University of California and the University of Michigan.

Dr. Edward E. Younger, history and government teacher at the United States Naval Academy, named assistant professor of history.

Dr. William Roberts Sandusky, Research of Columbia University's College of Physicians, named assistant professor of surgery and gynecology. Dr. Sandusky has served as assistant in pediatrics at Cornell Medical College and resident surgeon at the Boston City Hospital.

New Naval Unit Head Commander Malcolm E. Garrison, a graduate of the United States Naval Academy who was awarded two Navy Crosses and the Bronze Star Medal for his wartime submarine service, appointed executive officer of the university's Navy units and associate professor of naval science and tactics.

Other new Navy officers added to the university staff are Lieut. Comdr. David G. Wooley, Santa Barbara State College graduate; Lieut. John G. Edwards, graduate of the George School of Technology; Lieut. (jg) Richard J. Alexander, graduate of Loyola University of New Orleans, and Lieut. (jg) Quentin P. Whipple, graduate of Ohio State University.

The board of visitors also announced the resignation of three faculty members: Dr. Dirk Reul, associate professor of astronomy; Dr. George B. Milder, associate professor of pathology, and Dr. Darrell E. Mack, assistant professor of chemical engineering.

State Board to Ponder Night Ferry Schedules

Baltimore, April 8 (AP).—Schedules for night service on the State-operated Sandy Point-Matapsake Ferry will be considered at a meeting of the State Roads Commission tomorrow.

The commission also will take up the questions of what additional personnel and expenditures will be necessary to extend the Chesapeake Bay service into the night.

Robert M. Reinhold, commission chairman, said it had been decided that the ferry's last trip would be made from the western shore to Matapsake.

Truman Is Invited To Talk at Gettysburg

Senator Guffey (D., Pa.) invited President Truman yesterday to attend a Memorial Day observance at Gettysburg, Pa., but the President did not commit himself. Guffey told newsmen. The Senator conferred briefly with Mr. Truman at the White House.

Fire Hits Poultry Farm

Reisterstown, Md., April 8 (AP).—Two hundred laying hens, 200 fryers and 800 chicks died in a farm fire early today on the Cockeys Mill rd. and damage to buildings was estimated at more than \$1000 by Ted Jamason, owner.

BARNABY

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Dr. Horsley Buried in Virginia; Famed for Cancer Research

Richmond, Va., April 8 (AP).—Funeral services for Dr. J. Shelton Horsley, 75-year-old surgeon in charge of St. Elizabeth's Hospital here and nationally known for his work in the field of surgery, who died Sunday, were held this afternoon from the residence, Greystone.

Dr. Horsley, who had devoted a great part of his life to fighting the taboos and ignorance surrounding cancer, had won wide recognition for his work in suturing arteries and in the reversal of arterial circulation, as well as in the surgery of the stomach and intestines. He was among the South's leaders in the encouragement of research.

He had given much of his time to the field of cancer, and for his work on arterial circulation was awarded a gold medal by the Southern Medical Association. The American Medical Association had honored him several times for other research.

The Medical College of Virginia conferred upon him the honorary degree of doctor of science in September, 1944, three months before he was named a corresponding fellow.

Dr. Horsley was born in Lovingsville, Nelson County, in 1870, the son of John Horsley and Rose Shelton Horsley. Receiving his degree from the University of Virginia in 1892, he began his medical practice in Nelson County and later practiced in Staunton, where he married Miss Eliza Braxton in 1899.

After practicing in New York and in El Paso, Tex., where he was surgeon-in-chief and owner of St. Luke's Hospital, he came to Richmond in 1903 and for nine years was professor of surgery at the Medical College of Virginia.

He is survived by his wife and six children.

Hearings Set Today in Va. Flood Plans

By the Associated Press Three Virginia flood control projects are scheduled for hearing today before the House flood control committee.

The projects are designed to give local flood protection at Waynesboro on South River; at Fredericksburg, on the Rappahannock, and at Galax, on Chestnut Creek.

Other pending Virginia projects—Flood protection at Richmond and proposed dams at Gathright and Falling Springs in the James River basin—are not expected to come up for hearing at this time.

The board of Army engineers recently held a hearing on the James River projects, but has not yet submitted its report.

Fredericksburg's mayor, W. M. King, City Manager L. M. Houston, and others are expected to attend the hearing on the proposed construction of a multiple-purpose reservoir on the Rappahannock at Salem Creek above Fredericksburg. The cost is estimated at \$18,343,100.

The proposed work at Waynesboro calls for levees and flood walls at an estimated cost of approximately \$1,431,000. The office of Representative Robertson (D., Va.) said it knows of no delegation planning to attend from that city.

The project at Galax calls for widening and deepening the Chestnut Creek channel and raising the Norfolk and Western Railroad bridge there.

Representative Burch (D., Va.) planned to appear before the committee in behalf of this project, which he said was needed to relieve unusually severe floods. The estimated cost is \$322,000.

Extra Aide Helps Gov. Tuck on Mail In Vepco Case

Richmond, Va., April 8 (AP).—To handle the unprecedented volume of mail received by Governor Tuck, in connection with his action in the Virginia Electric & Power Co. dispute, an extra stenographer has been called in.

Jesse W. Dillon, secretary of Governor Tuck, estimated that the number of letters "has passed the 3,000 mark." He added that for every letter received in condemnation of the Governor's action, at least 100 had been received in congratulation.

The Governor is dictating individual replies to as many letters as possible, Dillon said, but stated that in most instances he is simply thanking his correspondents for their expression of sentiment and expressing his own pleasure that a strike was averted through adoption of an arbitration plan.

Martinsburg to Get Frozen Food Plant

Martinsburg, W. Va., April 8 (AP).—Work was started here today on a \$50,000 frozen food building in the downtown section by the Martinsburg Frozen Food Service, which will provide facilities for carrying vegetables, fruits and meats from their fresh state through the quick-freeze stage and into lockers in the building.

G. M. Saufley resigned as vice-instructor in the high school here as of June 1 to manage the new business. Named as incorporators in the business are Robert Fierro, James and Richard McDonald and Saufley.

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W. Va. Pickets Halt Repairs On Idle Mines

Charleston, W. Va., April 8 (AP).—Pickets—first to appear in southern West Virginia since the start of the bituminous mine shutdown April 1—halted repair operations today at the Page Coal & Coke Co.'s mines at Pageton, McDowell County.

Field offices of the United Mine Workers at Welch said the action was taken because of the company's alleged refusal to sign a retroactive pay agreement in return for the union's permission to allow repair crews to continue at work.

A union spokesman said that individual pacts had been negotiated with various companies whereby the firms were permitted to take advantage of the mine idleness to make repairs, provided they agreed to make any pay increase retroactive to April 1.

Among companies mentioned as having acceded to these terms were the captive United States Coal & Coke Co., whose output is consigned exclusively to its parent United States Steel Co.; the Big New River Co.; Algonquin Coal & Coke; American Coal & Coke, and others.

Page Coal & Coke employs about 500 persons. The union representative said about 40 pickets halted repairs at work on the tipples and elsewhere inside and outside the mine.

Maintenance crews, which include fire bosses, pumpers and others charged with safeguarding the mine, are permitted to continue working under the general union contract terms.

All machinery in the plant was halted under repair and a large assortment of clothes, including garments being prepared for Easter, was destroyed. W. J. Griggs, of the plant's staff, said the number of garments in the establishment was particularly large this weekend.

Police Chief Hits Parents for Rise In Child Crime

Cumberland, Md., April 8 (AP).—Chief of Police Oscar A. Eyerman advised city council today that the number of juvenile cases handled by the police department in the past year was more than double that of the previous year.

"I find the number of juvenile arrests, especially among the younger boys, greatly increased and police report that there is too much neglect by the children's parents. Some are allowed to roam the streets every night, stay late at the movies where they often fall asleep and are allowed to be absent from school," Chief Eyerman said.

"These children commit petty crimes, such as robbing parked cars, homes and shoplifting in local stores," he said. "Some of these children are called 'bingo babies' by police," the report stated. The children range in age from 5 to 12 years and police, the chief pointed out, have taken them home in cradle cars to find the homes dark and the parents asleep.

"In some cases," he added, "the parents of these delinquent children can be found in night clubs, road houses and social clubs."

Appeals Court Meets Tomorrow

Annapolis, Md., April 8 (AP).—The Maryland Court of Appeals will convene Wednesday to hear arguments on five cases listed for the October, 1945, regular session.

Meanwhile the court had 20 opinions pending on cases heard during its last sitting, which put it abreast of its docket under the continuous-session arrangement.

So far there have been 163 cases listed for the current session and further cases for it will be accepted until May 1. On and after that date all cases appealed will be continued to the October, 1946, session.

Pilot Hurt in Crash

Lexington, Va., April 8 (AP).—E. L. Reynolds, local airport instructor escaped with a broken nose and bruises last yesterday when engine trouble caused a forced landing of his plane on a field adjoining the airport here.

Mexican UN Delegate Patient at Hopkins

Baltimore, April 8 (AP).—Francisco Castillo Najera, Mexican Foreign Minister and delegate to the United Nations Conference, is a patient at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, where he was admitted for a "checkup," a hospital official said today.

The official, who reported Najera's condition as "good," said the Mexican minister was a private patient of Dr. Charles Austrian of the hospital. Najera entered the hospital Saturday night.

By Crockett Johnson

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Building Curb To Delay Park Improvements

Richmond, Va., April 8 (AP).—Indefinite delay of plans for immediate erection of additional cabins in Hungry Mother State Park near Marion, as well as a projected \$600,000 improvement program for the entire State park system, was indicated today as a result of Federal building restrictions.

William A. Wright, chairman of the State Conservation Commission, said that an appeal had been filed from a Richmond civilian protection office ruling denying priorities for construction of approximately seven cabins at Hungry Mother, although the appeal appeared to have little chance of success.

The commission had sufficient funds in its current biennial budget to erect these cabins and Wright said that the demand had been so great that the commission had hoped to have the cabins available for use before the summer was over. Now, however, there appears no immediate prospect of undertaking the construction.

At the same time the building restrictions, which hold new construction to essential and non-deferable projects, appeared likely to delay any steps in the immediate future toward building many other additional cabins that would otherwise be possible under a \$600,000 revenue bond program which was authorized by the 1946 General Assembly. The question of costs is another factor entering into the picture on these proposed long-range improvements.

Meanwhile, the commission is exploring the field of prefabricated houses to see if there is any chance of obtaining such materials at these without priorities for the State parks.

Specifications and plans for the seven cabins at Hungry Mother were ready for advertising for bids when the commission learned that it would have no priorities to proceed with construction. The appeal will be processed through the Atlanta office of the branch of the civilian production office.

Imported Horses Attract Throng At Front Royal

Front Royal, Va., April 8 (AP).—Gen. Jacob L. Devers, chief of the Army ground forces, and Field Marshal Sir Henry Maitland Wilson were here today as guests of Col. Marion Vorhees, commanding officer of the Ayrshire Quartermaster Depot, to inspect 143 European horses being exhibited here.

Lieut. H. W. Gatenby, adjutant of the depot which was formerly the Front Royal Remount Depot, estimated that between 2000 and 3000 visitors were here yesterday to view the thoroughbreds which include Lippizaners and Arabs.

Breeders from the East and from as far west as California have come here to see the thoroughbreds, Gatenby said. He said that while no specific action has been taken toward registering the animals, there is a more active interest in the American thoroughbred breeders to have the American Jockey Club register a large number.

The animals, picked up for the Army in Europe with a view to studying the breeds and adapting them for use in the United States, were bought here a few weeks ago. By Army is planning to breed some here.

Watchman Dies In \$30,000 Fire

Portsmouth, Va., April 8 (AP).—Ronald O. Credle, 67, employed as a watchman at Manly's cleaning establishment, died today in a fire that destroyed the plant and caused loss unofficially estimated at \$30,000.

The blaze, which broke out at 3:50 p. m., burned so swiftly that the entire one-story wooden structure was in flames when firemen arrived.

All machinery in the plant was halted under repair and a large assortment of clothes, including garments being prepared for Easter, was destroyed. W. J. Griggs, of the plant's staff, said the number of garments in the establishment was particularly large this weekend.

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THE WASHINGTON POST Tuesday, April 9, 1946

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutz

Plan Afoot to Slash Number of U. S. Jobs

CUTBACK: A new plan that would force a sharp reduction in the number of Federal workers is under study on Capitol Hill.

In it, Congress would fix an absolute ceiling on the total number of employees. It would force an expanding and busy agency Administration to borrow personnel from agencies where work was slack instead of hiring its own people.

The objective is to get the Government back to the size it was in December, 1940, when it had about a million employees. That would be the base month until the December, 1940, figure was reached.

It would start out at around 200 per cent which would allow for two million employees, and decline at a rate of 8 or 10 points a month. In Government today are 2,400,000 fulltime employees in this country. The estimate for July 1 is two million.

Capitol Hill sources say the Byrd Economy Committee is studying the plan, but that it had planned to bring it out in the open soon. Now, however, there is a move on to make it a rider on the Federal pay bill.

Strike Called At Winchester Knitting Mills

Winchester, Va., April 8 (AP).—The International Ladies Garment Workers Union, AFL, called a strike of its members at the Winchester Knitting Mills today, but the mill continued to operate with a limited force.

John H. Waner, general manager of the plant, said no advance notice of strike had been given him but that he had conferred with union leaders from Richmond and Baltimore last Thursday. The mill, Waner said, employs about 100 persons and although union membership is high, it is not 100 per cent.

Waner said the strike was called because the mills would not agree to sign a contract with a "

Gas Workers Wage Talks At Standstill

Wage negotiations between union and management representatives of the Washington Gas Light Co. were at a standstill yesterday for the second time in two weeks.

H. P. Douglas, chief union negotiator, emerged from a three-hour session with the blunt warning:

"There will either be a settlement or a strike."

Both utility unions, Local 63, International Chemical Workers (AFL), and Local 2, Office Employees International Union (AFL), filed strike notices last week as required by the Smith-Connolly Act. They became effective May 3.

Same as One Refused

Top offer of the company to date is a 14-cent hourly pay boost, the same increase proposal that led workers to vote overwhelmingly in favor of a work stoppage. The unions, covering about 1250 workers, are demanding a 31-cent hourly wage hike.

Another point in dispute is premium pay for Saturday and Sunday work.

Phone Union Board Meets

Meantime, the National Federation of Telephone Workers, an independent union, yesterday launched a week-long series of executive board meetings at the Willard Hotel.

Joseph A. Beirne, president, said "nothing hot" is brewing. The union last month won substantial pay increases for all members.

Among items scheduled for consideration were affiliation with an international union; establishment of a "bigger strike fund," and closer coordination among the affiliated unions.

The union will establish new headquarters in its own building at 917 G pl. nw. about May 1, it was learned.

Mahatma Gandhi—raised and commanded a Red Cross unit in South Africa during the Boer War.

'Vic' Donahey, Ex-Governor Of Ohio, 72, Dies in Columbus

3-Term Executive Well Known in D. C. From Senate Days

Alvin Victor Donahey, 72, former Ohio Governor and United States Senator, a well-known Washington figure, died yesterday afternoon in Columbus, Ohio.

The first three-time Governor of Ohio died of a rare fungus disease called "Histio-Plasmosis," which Dr. C. W. McGavran said was "incurable."

He entered Grant Hospital in Columbus last week for treatment of chronic bronchitis after returning from a Florida vacation. Donahey received blood transfusions Saturday and Sunday from his son-in-law, United States Senator James W. Huffman (D., Ohio) who flew from Washington to Columbus with Mrs. Huffman.

Came to District in 1934

The lanky, gum-chewing Senator, who spent 35 years in public life, came to Washington in 1934 and retired upon completion of his term in 1941 "for a much needed rest."

While in Washington he spent much of his sparetime on the Potomac in his cabin cruiser, the Ohio. Once, in the summer of 1936, while fishing in the Chesapeake, his boat was struck by lightning and he was knocked unconscious. A week later, however, he was back on the river fishing.

Donahey, a Democrat, was admired by thousands of Ohioans who knew him as "Honest Vic," a sobriquet earned because of a baked potato.

While state auditor from 1912 to 1920, Donahey chanced upon an expense item by a former Cleveland common pleas judge reading: "Baked potato, 30 cents."

Pouncing on the entry, Donahey exclaimed, "Why, I buy a bushel of them for that where I come from."

He refused to approve the item and the Cleveland jurist brought a mandamus suit against the state auditor. The attendant publicity



ALVIN VICTOR DONAHEY

caught the popular, fancy of Ohioans.

'Honest Vic' Was Nickname

Someone called the state auditor "Honest Vic" and Ohio's electorate, after thrice naming him to the Governorship from 1922 to 1928, still knew him by that nickname when it elected him U. S. Senator in 1934.

Upon leaving the Governorship, he became president of Motorists Mutual Insurance Co. of Columbus, a position he still held at his death. Born in Cadwallader, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, July 7, 1873, Donahey was of Scotch-Irish ancestry. His education was limited to an abbreviated high school course, which he terminated to enter the printing business. With borrowed capital of \$500 he purchased a weekly newspaper and job printing plant and conducted both until he became active in politics. He became a member of the Typographical Union and always retained his card in it.

Mrs. Edith Donahey and 10 of their 12 children survive.

Other survivors include two brothers, Hal, editorial cartoonist for the Cleveland Plain Dealer, and William, of Chicago, creator of the "Teeny-Weeny" comic strip. He was the father-in-law of Dr. James Johnson, who removed the bullet from the body of Premier Tojo, of Japan, when the latter attempted suicide in Tokyo.

Some reached out to stop him but the Communist leader said, "Let him go," and bodyguards pushed a path through the throng.

on Tuesdays to 1300." White explained, "This is 2000 calories under the normal daily intake. We invite the adult population of the District of Columbia to join us in this fast day, and we have asked the national AVC headquarters to urge all chapters to follow the same policy."

"This is no hardship. A 1300-calory diet is common in obesity treatments—and we are proposing it for but one day a week, not a continuous proposition."

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"We propose cutting our calories

By Dorothy Andrews Post Reporting

Suggestions for one fast day a week came yesterday from two groups interested in sending food to the starving peoples of the world.

Mrs. LaFell Dickinson, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, urged the 2,500,000 women members of her group to eliminate bread entirely from their menus for one day each week. She explained that this would mean a saving in one week of at least 22,500,000 slices of bread, on the basis of three persons to each family.

J. Robert White, American Veterans Committee member of the Washington Food Conservation Committee, said yesterday he will offer a proposal for voluntary observance of a fast day at the meeting of that organization on April 12.

"We propose cutting our calories

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Resignation Call Spurned By Shidehara

Tokyo (Tuesday), April 9 (P).—Aged Premier Kijuro Shidehara brushed off detaining hands of a leftist delegation and walked out late yesterday on demands for his resignation. The incident pointed up a reawakened public interest in tomorrow's general election.

The previously apathetic campaign for the Diet had led Japanese observers to predict a light vote. But they changed their minds as the result of a riotous Communist demonstration Sunday, the tense drawing-room drama in Shidehara's home, and heavy returns from isolated Okino Shina, which votes early. An 88.2 per cent turnout was reported.

Argue Their Way In

The "Democratic People's Front" sent a 14-man committee to make the demands on Shidehara.

Led by Kyuichi Tokuda, secretary of the Communist Party, they

2 Communists Lead Diet Straw Ballot

Tokyo, April 8. (U.P.).—Two Communist candidates for the diet today polled the highest vote in a nationwide straw ballot sponsored by the newspaper Yomiuri Hochi in connection with the elections scheduled for Wednesday.

Of the 24,000 votes mailed to the newspaper by voters at their own expense, Sano Nosaka polled 7197 and Kyuichi Tokuda 6244. Yujio Ozaki, 87, liberal, ran third. He has been in the house since 1890. He polled 3947 votes.

argued their way past the Premier's secretaries. For 45 minutes they accused him of failing to solve the country's many problems and demanded that his entire cabinet quit immediately.

Struggling visibly for self-possession, the 74-year-old Premier repeatedly replied, "I came here to listen to you, not to argue."

Stores at Ceiling

Shidehara sat behind a small desk and stared at the ceiling while the committee, correspondents, employees, and bodyguards milled around the noisy room.

Suddenly one committeeman called attention to a bulge in a bodyguard's pocket and shouted, "Look, he's got a gun."

Committeemen grabbed the bodyguard's arm and a melee appeared imminent. Then Shidehara calmly said, "I have another engagement," and stalked toward the door.

Some reached out to stop him but the Communist leader said, "Let him go," and bodyguards pushed a path through the throng.

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'Learn to Cook,' Lady Astor Advises Students

No girl should be too proud to learn to cook: It's the best way to keep the husband at home.

That was the advice, vivacious, American-born Lady Astor offered in a brief chatty talk before Dunbar High School students yesterday.

The former Parliament member had been asked by a Dunbar English teacher she met in England to speak to the student body, faculty and Board of Education members. But Lady Astor chose to direct most words to the girls.

"Parents and school officials don't count today. They are too old to learn," she said.

After emphasizing that a good domestic-minded wife is the key to happiness in the home, Lady Astor took a crack at American mothers who now are pleading for the early return of their husbands from occupation zones.

"Happy home life will not last long unless your women take the advice of the military leaders, now pressing for strong police forces abroad."

"Women had better be careful how they call their husbands back home, or peace will not last long."

This is the women's problem," she said.

Touching upon morals, Lady Astor recalled the time when a young Englishman asked her—then a young bride—how a lady with such "charm and spirit" could have such high morals.

She replied: "I didn't want to take the wrong road because it looked too gloomy."

Evils of Drink

Lady Astor warned Dunbar High students, "You jump the light, and Lord help you. If you knew the evils of drink, for instance, everyone of you would be temperance reformers."

Turning to the Negro problem in this country she suggested that the race situation will never find its complete solution until Negroes "serve God first."

She told the student body that the "happiest" and "most prosperous" person she has met in this country was the colored porter who carried her baggage on the train to Miami. "He was not just carrying baggage. He was carrying something much bigger. He was a living fire," she declared.

Some thirty-odd years ago, when the wild birds egg collectors were in their heyday, the egg of the California condor had a market value of \$750 each.

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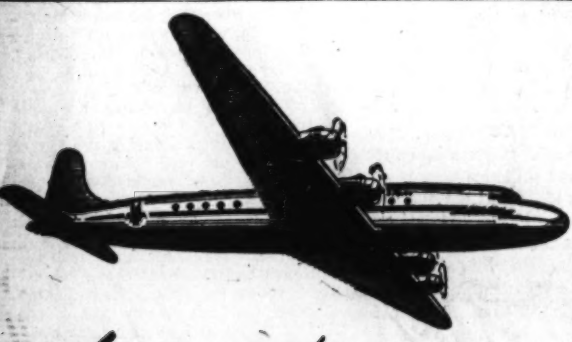


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Our 80th ANNIVERSARY FLAVOR... BURNT ALMOND—Created by Breyers in 1916

Man Slays 4 Of His Family With Mattock

Des Moines, April 8 (AP).—Slashing wildly with a pick mattock, a Des Moines printer hacked four members of his family to death in their front yard today and terrorized the neighborhood with a shotgun before police wounded and captured him, Detective Chief Paul Castelline said.

The man, William C. Irwin, 41, also shot and wounded a 5-year-old neighbor girl en route to school, killed Dan, the family dog, with the grubbing tool and showered police and neighboring houses with shotgun pellets before surrendering meekly to a patrolman he'd known for 20 years, the officer added.

Put in Padded Cell

Treated for a leg flesh wound, Irwin was stripped and lodged in a padded cell at police headquarters. No charges were filed immediately pending the outcome of an examination of Irwin by Dr. A. S. Price, chairman of the Polk County insolvency board.

Mrs. Edith Irwin, 38, the man's wife, and Mrs. Mary Alice Irwin, 64, his mother, were dead when police arrived. Two sons, John, 8, and Henry, 5, died en route to a hospital.

A third son, William, Jr., 11, had left for school before the slayings. "God had ordered me to kill my family," Castelline said Irwin told him. "I had an impulse. I'm crazy. Don't what I done prove it?"

Escapes Second Blast

The neighbor girl, Geraldine Nelson, was wounded in the leg, but ran out of range as a second shotgun blast was fired at her, the chief said. She was not seriously injured.

Castelline said this is what happened:

Screaming, Irwin's wife ran from the house with the printer in pursuit. He struck her down on the lawn, repeatedly hacked at her with the long-handled, two-edged garden tool. His mother, working in an adjoining garden space was felled beside her hoe. The two boys were cut down near their mother.

Loring Larsen, a neighbor, hurried to the scene when he heard the screams and tried to talk Irwin out of the weapon.

Races Home, Calls Police

"Beat it or you'll get it, too," Irwin told him. Larsen raced home to call police, turned just in time to see Irwin strike down the second boy.

Irwin then got the 16-gauge shotgun, fired at adjoining houses without injuring anyone and shot repeatedly at the officers before Patrolman William Thacker, long-time friend of the man, wounded and captured Irwin.

Castelline said Irwin told him he had spent some time in a Chicago mental institution. Irwin left his job last Thursday for a few days off because of what he referred to as a "nervous condition."

Final Argentina Vote Gives Peron Big Margin

Buenos Aires, April 8 (AP).—Final returns from Argentina's February 24 presidential election showed today that Col. Juan D. Peron received 1,474,447 votes to 1,207,359 for his opponent, Dr. Jose Tamborini, Democratic Union nominee.

Peron, elected to a six-year term as president, piled up 304 electoral votes to Tamborini's 72.

Seismic Wave Toll Mounts to 205 in Hawaii

Honolulu, April 8 (AP).—The Red Cross announced today the seismic wave toll of dead and missing had mounted to 205 in all the Hawaiian Islands.

Broken down by islands, the tolls showed: Hawaii, 85 dead, 74 missing; Kauai, 17 dead, 3 missing; Maui, 11 dead, 3 missing; Oahu, 6 dead, none missing.

Both From 'Down Under'



EXPATRIATED—Mrs. Rosemarie Smith, Australian war bride, en route to meet her husband in Long Beach, Calif., strikes up a friendship with one of two kangaroos aboard the SS Lurline. The ship docked Sunday with 500 war brides aboard. One of the kangaroos will star in the film version of Thorne Smith's book, "The Stray Lamb," slated for production in Hollywood in the near future.

Possessive Suitor Sought In Killing of St. Louis Girl

Youth, 19, Had Called Girl, 16, His 'Wife' But Father Rejected Him

St. Louis, April 8 (AP).—The suitor her father rejected was sought tonight for questioning in the strange murder of Alice Shryock, 16.

He was a possessive suitor, police learned from the father, John Everett Shryock, and other intimates of the girl whose nude body was found Saturday night, a bullet hole in her brain.

He called Miss Shryock his "wife," though he was only 19 and they weren't married. He told one of her girl friends that if he couldn't have her "nobody can."

She had gone "steady" with this young man, the father said. "He wanted to marry Alice, but I wouldn't let him," Shryock said. "Then she got a threatening letter. I didn't see it but I know she got this letter."

Came from Indiana

The young man comes from Charlestown, Ind., local police said. Shryock told his story to a coroner's jury. Margaret St. Cin, one of the last persons to see Miss Shryock alive also was a witness. The verdict was "homicide."

The Shryock family moved to a St. Louis suburb from Charlestown several months ago.

May Have Been Near Home

Sheriff Arthur Mosley said Miss Shryock may have been killed early Thursday morning in a vacant lot adjoining the family home. Her body was found near Creve Couer Lake, six miles west of her home. There were indications of a violent struggle.

Miss Shryock was last seen getting off a bus in the neighborhood of her home shortly after 12:30 a. m. Thursday.

Shryock said he recently reprimanded Alice for frequenting taverns. Deputy sheriffs quoted him that the girl had a heated argument with her parents last Wednesday.

The discovery that coal could be used to produce high temperatures was first made by the Chinese in the sixth century.

600 Munich Frauleins Worry Overy GI Babies

Munich, April 8 (AP).—Welfare agencies estimated today that 600 American-fathered, illegitimate babies would be born to frauleins in the Munich area by May 1, but Army officials ducked out of the matter by disclaiming any responsibility for the sex life of the U. S. soldier.

Some mothers-to-be have gone to military government officers, broken the news and asked bluntly: "What is the United States of America going to do about it?"

The answer invariably is, nothing. Then, it is explained to the fraulein that the Army has very little in its regulations that touches the sex life of the soldier and certainly nothing to cover her problem.

Mrs. Ruby H. Lockhart

Mrs. Ruby H. Lockhart, wife of Frank P. Lockhart, chief of the Division of Philippine Affairs, Department of State, died Sunday night at her residence, 4600 Yuma st. nw., after a long illness.

Mrs. Lockhart spent many years in China with her husband, when he was a foreign service officer, and was interned by the Japanese in Manila at the outbreak of the war. She had returned to the United States from Shanghai and was in Manila on her way back to her husband's post when the war started.

The Japanese held her for six months in Baldwin House, Manila, with a group of consular officials. Then she was returned to Shanghai where she was reunited with her husband. They were repatriated on the first Gripsholm trip in June, 1942.

Mrs. Lockhart is a native of Pittsburg, Tex. Funeral services and burial will be held there Thursday.

Besides her husband, she is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Robert E. Cofer of Great Lakes, Ill., a son, Lieut. Frank P. Lockhart, jr., USNR, of Washington; a grandson, Robert E. Cofer, III, and several brothers and sisters who live in Texas.

Local welfare agencies will give pregnant German girls any help necessary, but that problem has been greatly eased by the fact that most of them want to keep their babies. Some American soldiers recently deployed to the States have suggested that Munich might have a substantial quota of GI brides if the Army did not forbid their marriage to German girls. Unavoidable difficulties are expected when some German war prisoners return home after an absence of two or three years and find a new-born baby in the family. Most Germans joke about the situation, however.

YOUR SPIRITS SOAR WITH WILKINS BETTER COFFEE!

ISN'T IT BETTER TO BUY THE BEST...!

THE WASHINGTON POST
Tuesday, April 9, 1946

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Unsurpassed Table Water for 100 years!

WHEREVER fastidious folk demand and get the best, here and abroad... in discriminating homes, foremost hotels, clubs, embassies and at distinguished meetings... there, you are sure to find Poland Water the favored choice. For purity, for refreshing therapeutic goodness and for unexcelled quality Poland Water stands alone. And today, Poland Water still "gets the call" because this crystal-clear, deep-rock mineral water is unsurpassed for fine table waters. Poland Water's sealed-at-the-spring superiority has been acclaimed for more than 100 years. Leading physicians recommend it highly, as a wholesome, healthful table water. Poland Water promises you a real thirst treat and may be definitely helpful to your physical fitness. Drink it exclusively... with every meal and in generous quantities between meals. Ask your Doctor.

You too will both benefit and enjoy, this naturally refreshing water.

Know how really good fine table water can be. Order Poland Water—TODAY.

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Enjoy the whiskey that's
'Cheerful as its Name'

Here's a catch—and no mistake! Hook onto a bit of Old Sunny Brook and cock your ear to the tinkling music tumbling into your glass. Then raise and taste this glorious drink. You'll enjoy it!

OLD SUNNY BROOK

Whiskey—A Blend

AMERICAN MARINE OFFICERS STILL UNBENTLY HISS
If you hold a ticket either as a deck officer or engineering officer, visit us today to learn about Marine, Washington, D. C.

NATIONAL DISTILLERS PRODUCTS CORP., NEW YORK • WHISKY—A BLEND • 93 PROOF • 85% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS

"I'm taking out insurance on a swell summer!"

"That's my car, and 'we've' got plans. But even a couple of new Atlas Tires and a tankful of Esso won't get me where I'm going unless the engine and chassis keep rolling! So I'm getting set now for summer with an Esso Dealer spring check-up. I want clean, fresh summer grade Esso Motor Oil in that motor. I want all squeaks and rattles out with an expert Esso Dealer Lubrication job. I want other parts checked and serviced if necessary. I want to use my car all summer long!"

Make today "Esso Dealer" Day. Do it now... and enjoy the days of "Happy Motoring" that lie ahead!

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SEE YOUR ESSO DEALER NOW...
PROTECT YOUR "HAPPY MOTORING"

ENJOY YOUR CAR'S FULL PERFORMANCE with Esso or Esso Extra gasoline! Thrillingly quick starts... high anti-knock quality... smooth, swift acceleration... great power with long mileage... and the exclusive engine protection of patented Esso Solvent Oil!

CHANGE TO ESSO MOTOR OIL One of the world's finest oils at any price—yours at your Esso Dealer's. Unexcelled for quality and performance. Long-lasting, smooth yet tough. Designed to give your engine over-all protection all year round!

BE SAFE, NOT SORRY! An expert over-all check-up now may save you trouble later! Tires, lights, battery, ignition, windshield wipers, radiator—your Esso Dealer will quickly and thoroughly check them over, help you be sure they're in tip-top shape for travel.

COPY 1946, Esso Inc.

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

London Gets 'Turtle,' All Right, But Sans Nugent and Christie

TRUE TO PROMISE, Alfred de Liagre, Jr., in association with Gilbert Miller, soon will be affording London a bit of sprightly entertainment from the pen of a native son.

Under the joint sponsorship, John van Druten's comedy hit, "The Voice of the Turtle," will be presented in London's Lyric Theater, July 1. Prior to opening in London's Lyric capital, it will tour the provinces for two weeks.

To audiences on the other side, the consideration of prime importance should be that Margaret Sullivan will reappear in the role of Sally Middleton, which she created when the three-character play opened in the Morosco Theater, New York, on December 5, 1943. From the advice that other members of the cast have not yet been decided upon, one gathers that the hope of securing the services of Elliott Nugent and Audrey Christie to complete the original stellar trio has not materialized.

Miss Sullivan's retirement from the Broadway cast after a year, however, should be an earnest to Mr. van Druten's fellow-countrymen that the play still running on Broadway is not dependent upon any three specific players for its unequivocal success.

With this thought in mind, reservations have been made for June 8 on a transatlantic plane for the author, Mr. and Mrs. de Liagre, Miss Sullivan and her husband, Leland Hayward, and the duo to be seen in the Nugent and Christie parts.

Time to be ordering your tickets, London, as anybody over here can tell you!

After a tour to the West Coast, and back by way of the Deep South, the attraction at the National Theater the week of Monday, April 22, following Maurice Evans in "Hamlet," will be Elisabeth Bergner in "The Two Mrs. Carralls." A full year has elapsed since this brilliant artist appeared on E. S. in this engaging play. It is all the more notable—the length of the intervening junket being what it is—that her original cast remains intact.

And another thing. When Sigmond Romberg brings his 50-piece orchestra and solo artists to Constitution Hall, also on Monday night, April 22, his featured soprano will be Marie Nash. Immensely popular as soloist with Mr. Romberg on previous visits, with Ed Wynn at the National, and as recurrent headliner on the Earle stage, Miss Nash also enjoys a wide local acquaintance as Mrs. Roger Brill, part-time Washingtonian. Welcome home!

No Kidding!
Evidently meaning it when he said that no matter what the box-office draw of his next several pictures, each would be limited to a single week's run at RKO-Keith's, Manager Sol Sorkin began ballyhooing his "Giant Laff-Week" to begin tomorrow.

The "giant" aspect of the "laff-Week," of course, was prompted by Abbott and Costello's hammering on the 15th st. door in something from Universal called "The Little Giant."

On that central support was to have been hung "Mother-in-Law's Day," starring Edgar Kennedy; Leon Errol in "Oh, Professor, Behave," and a Walt Disney Cartoon Festival, embracing "The Brave Little Tailor," "Ferdinand the Bull," "Mother Goose Goes Hollywood," and "Donald's Golf Game." So what? So "Seventh Veil" is holding a second week!

Dots and Dashes
As part of its silver anniversary celebration, Columbia Pic-

tures has invitations out for a special advance showing of "Gilda," starring Rita Hayworth, on Friday, April 12, at 8:30 p. m., in National Archives Auditorium. . . . In conjunction with their annual Easter egg hunt in Magruder Park, Hyattsville, Monday, April 22, Sidney Lust and the Prince Georges County Kiwanis Club will present a program for the Federal income tax return, he found these listings regarding Iturbi's brief trip to New York: "Waldorf Astoria apartment rental, \$210 . . . taxis, \$32 . . . theater tickets, \$116 . . . miscellaneous, \$21,000." The auditor immediately asked for a detailed itemization of \$21,000 miscellaneous expenses incurred during such a brief visit to Manhattan. Iturbi explained: "While I was here I read the script of 'Brighten the Corner,' invested \$21,000 in it, and the show flopped."

Word-to-the-Wise Note
Wouldn't try to use a cost-hanger, if I were you!

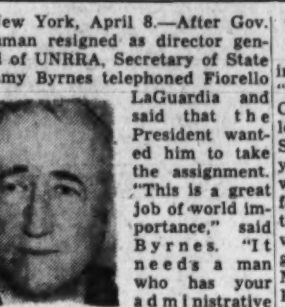
Cellmate Hanged, 2 Felons Charged

Staunton, Va., April 8 (AP).—Two State convicts were charged with murder today after George Luther Conner, 21, a cellmate, was found dead, hanging from the ceiling in an improvised blanket noose, at the State line grinding plant.

Commonwealth's Attorney John D. White, of Augusta County, swore out the warrants against Joe Patrick, 27, of Bristol, and Thomas Morris, 23, of Campbell County, late this afternoon.

G. P. Bowman, superintendent of the plant at which state convicts are used as labor, found Conner's body at 6:05 p. m. Sunday and notified county authorities whose investigations resulted in the issuance of the warrants today.

Broadway Bulletins



James F. Byrnes

New York, April 8.—After Gov. Lehman resigned as director general of UNRRA, Secretary of State Jimmy Byrnes telephoned Fiorello LaGuardia and said that the President wanted him to take the assignment.

"This is a great job of world importance," said Byrnes. "It needs a man who has your administrative talents, your ability to get things done."

speedily, your ability to coordinate so many phases. You're the man who can handle it nicely."

"Speak plainly, Jimmy," replied LaGuardia. "If this was a nice, good job you wouldn't be offering it to me."

The "Little Black Book," which Mayor O'Dwyer held up in warning to the policemen listening to his speech about closing the lid on gambling, really is a little black book. It lists pay-offs to cops, who are referred to in Syrian. The book was unearthed by Judge Sam Leibowitz during his investigation of the basketball frauds. He sent it to the police commissioner.

O'Dwyer's warning about clamping down on pin-ball and slot machines was notice to a Chicago mob trying to muscle into New York. . . . John Steinbeck's town house almost is completed. The construction work brought so many passers-by that Steinbeck now has a sign in front of his house: "No Vacancies. 100% Rented."

When Jose Iturbi's auditor checked through his expense items last month, in preparation for the Federal income tax return, he found these listings regarding Iturbi's brief trip to New York: "Waldorf Astoria apartment rental, \$210 . . . taxis, \$32 . . . theater tickets, \$116 . . . miscellaneous, \$21,000." The auditor immediately asked for a detailed itemization of \$21,000 miscellaneous expenses incurred during such a brief visit to Manhattan. Iturbi explained: "While I was here I read the script of 'Brighten the Corner,' invested \$21,000 in it, and the show flopped."

Bill Mauldin, who appeared before the committee investigating charges of caste system in the Army, read to the members the censored chapter from his book, "Up Front," which his superior officers had ordered to be cut. It was an attack upon Maj. Gen. Arthur Wilson, alleging that the general had moved soldiers out of their billets to make room for stabling his horses. . . . John Gunther's new book, "Inside U. S. A.," will be published in two volumes because the coverage of just Texas and California took 60,000 words. . . . Beatrice Pearson will step into "The Voice of the Turtle" on May 20.

Bess Meyerson, Miss America of 1945, now is touring the country lecturing on racial and religious understanding. Her lecture topic is, "You Can't Be Beautiful and Hate." . . . This week Miss Meyerson lectured before 1200 students at a high school in Brooklyn. The school's principal sat next to her on the platform and was solicitous in his attention. . . . "There's no ulterior motive," the gray-haired principal assured Miss America, "I'm a grandfather." . . . "Just because there's a little snow on the roof," Miss Meyerson replied, "that doesn't mean that the furnace has gone out."

Michael Todd's gin-rummy games are at such high stakes that Joe Schenck now refers to Todd as "the future barefoot boy." . . . Stuart Cloete's new play will be called "The Coin of Courage." . . . Sascha Guitry is writing his war memoirs to refute the gossip about his alleged collaboration. . . . The Comden-Green musical, "On the Town," will return to New York to play an engagement at the City Center. . . . One department store soon will display adaptable dress suits with a zipper-arranged extension whereby a tuxedo can be made into a formal tail coat. The idea already has been patented, and the suits now are

in production.

Carl Fischer, the music publishing house, now is selling the "Schillinger System of Musical Composition." It is 1700 pages long, and was composed by Joseph Schillinger just before he died two years ago. . . . Schillinger, with whom George Gershwin studied for 4½ years, came to this country in 1928. At Columbia University he was the only man to give courses in three departments: Mathematics, fine arts and music. He wasn't a great genius; he lived in a 14-room penthouse on Park ave. Only 4 of his 400 students were women, "because women allow their love affairs to interfere with their studies." . . . He once told an audience at a music conference: "The first requisite of true musical ability is a dislike for other people's music." . . . At another music conference he played an original composition and asked the critics to guess who the composer was. They couldn't guess for he was playing music made from a graph of the morning's stock market.

The harmonica and jew's-harp heard in the corridors of the Kings County Courthouse the other day were from the room where the Blue Ribbon jury, serving in the Mrs. Pisanli murder case, was waiting for the psychiatrist's decision as to her sanity. One of the jurors had the instruments with him and whistled away the time by playing hillbilly tunes. . . . James Wechsler has resigned as PM's Washington editor. . . . The Research Institute of America pamphlet, "The Communist in Labor Relations Today," which stirred national comment this week, was written principally by Arnold Belchman, the former New York newspaperman.

When Paul Porter, the 6 foot 4 head of the OPA, strained his ankle while rounding second base in a picnic ball game with children last Sunday, it meant the cancellation of his repeated appearances before congressional committees. These committees have been harrying the OPA director by calling him for questioning time and time again, so that he's been before them more often than he's been behind his desk. . . . When Porter was ordered to bed, he sent out a series of communiques. The first was "This is not a diplomatic strain." . . . The second was: "Inflation is a pain in the ankle." . . . The final communiqué from the stricken ball-playing Porter was: "It is not true that the price administrator doesn't know his base from his ankle."

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MORE SUDS
QUICKER
CLEANSING ACTION
FOR WASHING
DISHES-CLOTHES
SOFT ON HANDS...
SOFT ON CLOTHES
PRETTY SOFT
FOR YOU!

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SKY BAR
Four surprise flavor centers in one big bar—50% of
Zooming to
NEW Popularity
its weight
a thick, rich
chocolate coating!
NECCO
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'Win-the-Peace' Stand on British Loan Hit

The "Win the Peace Conference" held in Washington over the weekend was criticized yesterday by top officials of the Union for Democratic Action for the conference's stand on the proposed loan to Britain.

Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, chairman, and Dr. James Loeb, Jr., national director of the union, issued a statement calling the loan "a vital step toward world reconstruction and peace" and saying it "is in grave danger of defeat."

"Isolationist and reactionary forces have been joined in their attacks on the loan by Communists and their supporters who are working to defeat it."

Grounds for Opposition
The latest effort to mobilize forces against the loan is the resolution of the "Win the Peace Conference" opposing any loans until sufficient guarantees have been given that these materials and funds will not be used for the exploitation and oppression of the

colonial peoples. . . . "Many liberal and progressive members of Congress may feel it difficult to oppose this amendment. We wish to point out to them that it is a trap laid to defeat the loan. As an amendment it is administratively unworkable and in violation of our principles of good legislative practice. It is insulting to the hard-pressed British people. If passed it would compel the President to veto the agreement. This is undoubtedly the hope of its supporters."

"Significant" Call
"It is significant that the conference called for an immediate loan to Russia without qualifications. The 'Win the Peace Conference' calls for the abolition of the poll tax in the Southern States. It does not call for the withholding of all public funds for these States until the poll tax is abolished. Why should we punish the British people by withholding funds they need for food and clothing until the day that

the British Empire is abolished? We urgently ask all members of Congress who value liberal support to continue to work for the passage of the Washington Financial Agreement. Let us settle the Empire question but not by hunger."

Nearly 7000 gallons of paste are used daily at one Georgia plant in the high-speed sealing of side seams and bottoms of paper bags.

There are 54,000 towns and villages in the United States served only by highway and motor transport.

There were 200,000 one-room schools in the United States in 1915-1916.

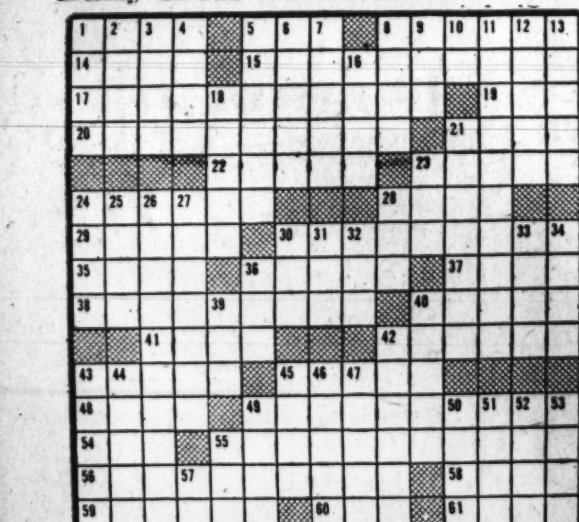
HEADACHE
Cures contain a specially selected ingredients that work together to give quick relief from headache and nervousness. Follow directions on label.
Liquid CAPUDINE

The United States now produces more soybeans than Manchuria, where they have been grown for centuries as the Chinese "staff of life."

3 FLIGHTS DAILY

NEW YORK TO TORONTO and across CANADA
Lv. N.Y. 8 A.M.—3:25 P.M.—9:45 P.M.
FOR RESERVATIONS call your Travel Agent, local air line ticket office or Canadian National Railways, 922 10th Street, N.W., Tel. National 2222.
TRANS-CANADA Air Lines
Canada's National Air Service, Flying Coast to Coast and to Newfoundland over a 5,529 mile route.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1 Across | Snatch | 37 Across | Baked clay |
| 2 Across | Cryer | 38 Across | Reeling |
| 3 Across | Hirute | 39 Across | Perian evil |
| 4 Across | Incomparable | 40 Across | Reeling |
| 5 Across | Omizer | 41 Across | Reeling |
| 6 Across | Introduce | 42 Across | Father |
| 7 Across | Due | 43 Across | Reeling |
| 8 Across | Preacher | 44 Across | Reeling |
| 9 Across | Trained | 45 Across | Reeling |
| 10 Across | Prolic | 46 Across | Reeling |
| 11 Across | Dance | 47 Across | Reeling |
| 12 Across | Mark in | 48 Across | Reeling |
| 13 Across | Archery | 49 Across | Reeling |
| 14 Across | Layman | 50 Across | Reeling |
| 15 Across | Diemif | 51 Across | Reeling |
| 16 Across | Adorn with | 52 Across | Reeling |
| 17 Across | hanging | 53 Across | Reeling |
| 18 Across | Destruction | 54 Across | Reeling |
| 19 Across | Sheep's cry | 55 Across | Reeling |
| 20 Across | Unyielding | 56 Across | Reeling |
| 21 Across | Rajah's wife | 57 Across | Reeling |
| 22 Across | Learned | 58 Across | Reeling |
| 23 Across | Spelling | 59 Across | Reeling |
| 24 Across | Con- | 60 Across | Reeling |
| 25 Across | Heavenly | 61 Across | Reeling |
| 26 Across | Italian city | 62 Across | Reeling |
| 27 Across | Corporal | 63 Across | Reeling |
| 28 Across | Individual | 64 Across | Reeling |
| 29 Across | Surved lines | 65 Across | Reeling |
| 30 Across | Explosive shell | 66 Across | Reeling |
| 31 Across | Portress | 67 Across | Reeling |
| 32 Across | Hotch | 68 Across | Reeling |
| 33 Across | Tarset | 69 Across | Reeling |

The Russian Attaché Says Touché

"Ah, Tovaritch, this Bacardi and Soda has melted my heart! And to think I once enjoyed vodka!"

The attaché has a good case. Bacardi is unequalled the world over for delicious delicacy and lightness, for subtly rich flavor and bouquet.

Let credit be given to Bacardi's secret 83-year-old formula, which made Bacardi the original light-bodied rum.

As Gospodin the Attaché so fervently points out—
all nations agree—BACARDI
Should someone attempt to slip over anything else but Bacardi—banish him to Siberia!

RUM . . . 89 Proof Bacardi Imports, Inc., New York

NEVER IN HISTORY has any whiskey become as popular as SCHENLEY RESERVE

THE SECRET? Top quality blending stocks . . . unmatched blending skill . . . consistent "quality control"—these unique advantages insure the peak of pleasure always from SCHENLEY Reserve. Outstanding pre-war quality has made SCHENLEY Reserve far and away the most popular whiskey America has ever seen!

**SCHENLEY'S
Rare Blending Stocks
Guarantee Your Pleasure
in SCHENLEY Reserve!**

PRE-WAR QUALITY BLENDED WHISKEY

86 PROOF 65% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS. SCHENLEY DISTILLERS CORP., N. Y. C.

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

THERE WAS MORE plain talking than was generally reported last week when half a hundred House Democrats met behind closed doors to discuss an article in the Democratic Digest attacking Democrats who voted for the anti-labor Case bill. If any Republican had been allowed to be present, he would have figured the 1948 election was already in the bag. Die-hard Representative Roger C. Slaughter of Missouri, who represents President Truman's home district, summed up the general sentiment when he shouted: "I'm damned if I'll ever clear my Democratic position with Henry Wallace, the Pacific Northwest or the New York East Side."

What Slaughter was raving about was an article written by Mrs. Jane Helit in the Democratic Digest. She was later dismissed, but despite that, Slaughter made it clear he considered his fellow-Missourian, Bob Hannegan, responsible.

The offending sentence which started so much tooth-grashing among Dixie Democrats read: "Let your Representatives know that the passage of the restrictive Case bill was a vote against the American people."

The meeting was called by Slaughter and seven other reactionaries, including Howard W. Smith of Virginia, Thomas G. Abernethy of Mississippi, Graham A. Barden of North Carolina, Lyle A. Boren of Oklahoma, Harold H. Earthman of Tennessee, Ed Gossett of Texas and Charles E. McKenzie of Louisiana. Even before the meeting was called, however, full apologies had been made by Gladys Avery Tillott, Democratic vice chairman.

Representative Joe W. Ervin of North Carolina reported this apology when the group met, explaining: "Mrs. Tillott (who lives in Charlotte, N. C., is as much a Southern Democrat as John Rankin actually is and as Senator Claghorn claims to be."

Apologies Don't Count

HOWEVER, it was Hannegan and Wallace whom angry members were really out to get, not the women in charge of the Democratic Digest. The apology went unheeded.

Louisiana's McKenzie then outlined the real reason for the secret caucus in a lengthy statement, pointing out that there are 120 Southern Democrats, who should have a good deal more to say about party policy. The Administration not only has not consulted the Southerners, he said, but for years it has followed a legislative line which it knows Southerners oppose.

"Nearly half the Democrats in the House are from the South," he warned, "and the day is coming when the Administration is going to have to listen to us or else get no support from us. And how far could they get without us?"

Present throughout the meeting was Representative Albert Gore of Tennessee, leader of the unofficial liberal bloc to fight for White House measures. His face was long.

Finally when Abernethy demanded a public retraction from Hannegan for the offending article, Gore quietly argued with the Mississippian for several minutes, urging him to tone down the resolution. Earlier, a mild resolution by Representative Will Whittington also of Mississippi—calling merely for investigation of the articles—was vigorously shouted down. Gore failed to pacify Abernethy, and the harsher resolution was passed with a few dissenting votes. The dissenters included: Whittington of Mississippi, Malcolm C. Tarver of Georgia and John E. Lyle of Texas.

More than half a dozen members spoke bitterly against Wallace, especially against his recent proposal for party discipline. Hannegan was the target of half a dozen more, but Representative John E. Rankin of Mississippi got little response, when several times, he tried to turn the discussion to his favorite

Tuck Says He May Have Been Outside Law in Vepco Draft

Roanoke Va., April 8 (AP)—Gov. William M. Tuck, who ten days ago drafted 1600 power company employees into the "unorganized militia" to avoid service interruption by a threatened strike, said today that he was "probably wrong."

The comment came in response to a reporter's question concerning a section of the State code governing the procedure to be employed in exercising the draft power.

"If I were outside the law I didn't know it," the Governor said. "I acted under the constitution by getting advice from the attorney general and my only interest was

along with the compromise. "We still haven't heard the facts," said Hodgson. "We certainly have the right to demand the same documented evidence for the United Nations Security Council that a Bronx Juvenile Court would demand."

After Russia and Iran replied to the U. N. notes, Chinese Chairman Dr. Quo hastily adjourned the meeting until 11 a. m. the next day. Following which, Secretary-General Trygve Lie called a secret meeting of the Council in midtown Manhattan.

At this point, the Australian delegate, Col. W. R. Hodgson, protested to Lie and Dr. Quo against secret meetings. Australian Foreign Minister Evatt, he said, opposed closed sessions on the vital Iranian matter, and quoted Evatt's belief that the Security Council owed it to the world to carry on open diplomacy.

Both Dr. Quo and Lie assured Hodgson that only procedural matters would be discussed, that the Iran issue probably wouldn't come up and that the bulk of the business would be concerned with selection of a site for the General Assembly meeting next September. So Hodgson showed up.

The secret session started peacefully enough, with Lie speaking about moving U. N. from Hunter College in the Bronx to the Sperry gyroscope plant in Long Island. Then the talk turned to whether or not delegates should hold individual press conferences or speak on the radio.

Suddenly, Secretary Byrnes asked for the floor and began discussing the Iranian issue. He hadn't finished two sentences, when he noticed Australia's Hodgson pick up his brief case and start for the door with his aides.

Hodgson didn't say a word, just kept walking. Byrnes stopped talking, rushed for the door, grabbed Hodgson by the shoulder and began remonstrating with him.

Byrnes Pleads
"YOU CAN'T walk out," Byrnes pleaded. "I'm not talking substance, I'm only talking procedure."

Hodgson kept edging out the door and said, "I'm sorry, my orders are that we talk these things out publicly, not secretly. The world has a right to know what we say and do here."

"But you can't leave," Byrnes begged. "It's bad enough the Russians have left. If you leave, too, it will be a debacle. All I'm interested in is procedural matters. I'm merely going to make a formal statement and stop."

Finally Hodgson agreed to resume his seat, but warned that he would not speak or vote in private regarding the Iran case. Byrnes then read a short but important statement. He said that the United States was now prepared to accept Russia's proposal for a delay until May 6 in discussing the Iranian case. The other delegates, even Poland's Professor Lange, agreed completely with Byrnes' May 6 delay proposal.

Later, Australia's Hodgson told Byrnes privately he couldn't go

the welfare of the State of Virginia.

"I didn't plan to put anyone into involuntary servitude. They would have been working as members of the militia and not for the power company."

The order drafting some 1600 officials and employees of the Virginia Electric & Power Co. after negotiations between the company and the AFL Electrical Workers' Union deadlocked, was rescinded when the parties agree to submit disputed contract issues to arbitration, and the strike threat was withdrawn.

Under the order, the drafted employees were placed on active duty, then granted leaves until such time as a strike occurred, when they were automatically to revert to active status and become subject to military law, including courts martial for failure to obey orders. The unprecedented action has since swamped the governor

with letters and telegrams from all over the Nation, which his office says are preponderantly commendatory.

Some of the groups which have protested the governor's action point to a code section calling for the designation of persons in cities and counties to carry out such a draft. Governor Tuck performed his draft by executive order that named specified employees of the company.

It was on this point that he was questioned and replied, "I don't know, I was probably wrong."

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THE WASHINGTON POST

Tuesday, April 9, 1946

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This Morning

With Shirley Povich

Savannah, Ga., April 8.—From here in, Dutch Leonard and Roger Wolff will be out to impress Manager Ossie Bluege with their availability for the opening-game assignment in Griffith Stadium on April 16.



POVICH

A special sort of honor attaches to starting the opening game in Washington. In other cities, it may be just another ball game but the Washington inaugural is when the starting pitcher is photographed with the President of the United States and otherwise is recognized as an important guy who has done something to merit the honor.

Both Wolff and Leonard want the job, needless to state. Wolff, as the club's biggest winner last year normally would deserve the honor, but Leonard, the club's best pitcher over a period of years, has some kind of an equity in it. Bluege says he won't announce his choice until two days before the game, but that it will be Wolff or Leonard is apparently certain.

Washington managers in the past, a long line of them, never had to worry about their opening-game pitcher. There was never any choice except Walter Johnson, and Washington fans would have rebelled at any other selection. Johnson broke in with the Nats in 1907, and 21 years later pitched the memorable 1-0, 15-inning game against Eddie Rempel on opening day.

An old man with a rake was smoothing the infield of the Savannah ball park today before the Nats and Athletics took the field, and he looked for all the world like just another aged groundskeeper but he wasn't. "The old fellow," said Coach Benny Bengough of the Phils, "would be making \$40,000 a year if he were 40 years younger."

The industrious old guy was Chief Bender, now manager of the Savannah club of the South Atlantic League, which has a working agreement with Bender's old boss, Connie Mack. The Chief was working over the field, he said, because he's a better groundskeeper than anybody he could hire.

Bender was a full-blooded Chippewa lad going to the Carlisle Indian School in Pennsylvania when Mack signed him as a pitcher. The young Chief went straight from the campus to big league stardom, and pitched in five World Series for the Athletics.

Any day you ask him, Connie Mack will tell you about the great pitchers that have been on his ball teams—Rube Waddell, Bender, Eddie Plank, Lefty Grove, Herb Pennock, Jack Coombs and George Earnshaw—then he'll say "If I had one ball game I wanted to win, I'd give the ball to Bender."

Organized baseball in the United States gained some kind of a triumph when Vernon Stephens jumped the Mexican League and rejoined the Browns. It was the first break in the traffic flow toward Mexico and was a blow to the prestige of Mexican baseball.

Now Mickey Owen, who also announced his intention to jump to Mexico, reveals in San Antonio that he is rejoining the Dodgers. That is another break for American baseball owners who were beginning to be panicked by the Mexican situation.

However, the Browns apparently had to make concessions to Stephens to induce him to come back. They changed their cold-blooded attitude toward the player who went to Mexico when advised he must take a \$5000 salary cut "or else." The Browns apparently didn't get away with that threat. Stephens did jump, and it's obvious he didn't go back to the Browns at anything like the original salary offered him.

The Nats and Phils are train companions en route north but they don't quite share alike. The Phils are eating better, with a \$5 per day food allowance while the Washington players are limited to \$4 per day for their meals. There's grumbling among the Nats.

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Phillies Down Nats, 2 to 1; Hoerst Hero

By Shirley Povich
Post Reporter

Savannah, Ga., April 8.—The Nats today encountered a Phillies' pitcher they couldn't lick, and took a 2-1 beating from big Frank Hoerst, a left-hander who was mean with hits.

It was the Phillies' first victory over Washington in four games, and it was a beaut. Hoerst, out of the Navy and pitching his first full game in 3½ years, gave up only four hits and out-performed Roger Wolff and Sid Hudson who pitched five-hit ball.

A couple of former American Leaguers, Rollie Hemsey and former Nat Jimmy Wasdell, gave Hoerst the necessary two runs. Wasdell tripled into right field after Wolff walked Murtaugh with two out in the third inning to set the Phils up in a 1-0 lead, and in the next inning with two out, Hemsey slugged a home run into the leftfield seats.

Al Evans made half of the Nats' four hits and rescued them from the ignominy of a shutout, with a well-tagged home run into the left-center stands in the eighth inning. He also hit a fifth-inning single.

Otherwise the Nats were a feeble gang against the southpaw slinging of Hoerst. Aside from Evans' two hits, the only blows he allowed were a scratchy infield single by Buddy Lewis in the third and a one-base blast through the box by Cecil Travis in the ninth that knocked Hoerst off his pins and almost winged him.

The Nats tried bravely to tie the score in the ninth after Travis singled with one out. Jack Sanford rapped a long liner to center that was caught by Vince DiMaggio, and Ray Cooley whacked another vicious liner to right that was grabbed by Northey in a full-flight gallop.

This was the third day in a row that the Nats were facing left-handed pitching of the Phils, and paradoxically they took a beating on a day when Manager Ossie Bluege maneuvered three right-handed hitters into his lineup.

Wolff impressed except when he threw that triple to Wasdell and the home run to Hemsey. He allowed only three other hits in the seven innings he pitched, all of them singles and did nothing to hurt his chances of starting the opening game in Washington.

Sid Hudson worked only one inning, the eighth, but it was his best pitching job of the season. He was throwing a fast ball with smart control, and permitted nothing to be hit out of the infield, striking Jim Taber out on four pitches to wind up his chores for the day.

Hoerst, one of the first big leaguers to enter the armed services, was at sea most of the 3½ years he was in the Navy with a commission as Lieutenant on an armed freighter. He was on the rugged run to Murmansk in the early days of America's entry into the war. In the off-season, he coaches basketball ball in Philadelphia. Jeff Heath was given permission to skip the barnstorming tour of the Nats and drive his wife and three children to Washington. He will work out in Griffith Stadium, daily against the pitching of Hymie Newman and Bert Shepard. The Nats move out of Savannah at 2 a. m. for Charleston, S. C. where they meet the Phils again tomorrow. Today's gate receipts in Savannah scarcely paid for the club's bus rental here.

season, he coaches basket ball Philadelphia . . . Jeff Hest has given permission to skip the barnstorming tour of the Nationals and drive his wife and three children to Washington. He will work out in Griffith Stadium daily against the pitching of Hymie Newman and Bert Sheehan. The Nats move out on Savannah 2 a. m. for Charleston, S. C. where they meet the Phils again tomorrow night. Daily receipts in Savannah reportedly paid for the club's bus rental here.

Va., W. & M. Nines Top State Baseball Slate This Week

What might be known as the "Grapefruit Circuit" baseball season of Virginia colleges has practically ended, and the 10 State college teams participating in the 1946 diamond wars will settle down to more serious business this week.

The really big battle of the week probably will come off tomorrow when the University of Virginia Cavaliers journey to Williamsburg to meet the undefeated William and Mary Indians.

Both teams have shown power at the plate in their first three contests. Virginia started off its campaign by thumping the American Viscose Co. of Front Royal, 14-10; then trounced Roanoke Business College, 16-1, and suffered its only defeat at the hands of the Lynchburg Cardinals of the Piedmont League, 10-7.

William and Mary has an even better record, particularly on the defensive side. The Indians took a pair of lop-sided contests from the Chestnut Annex nine, representing a naval supply depot in the Tidewater area, 16-4 and 19-1, and Saturday won a hurling battle from Randolph-Macon, 2-1.

One of the other leaders in the "Grapefruit Circuit"—the unbeaten University of Richmond Spiders—also enters "Big Six" college competition Friday when Virginia Tech, slaughtered last week by North Carolina and Duke, invade the State capital city. Richmond hasn't lost in two starts, winning one-run games over Hampden-Sydney and Ohio.

Washington and Lee, Roanoke coming week.

SCHEDULE
 Saturday—Atlantic Christian College at Randolph-Macon.
 Sunday—Virginia Tech at Williams and Mary.
 Monday—Virginia Tech at University of Richmond.
 Tuesday—Alumni at Bridgewater.
 Wednesday—Macon at Roanoke, Hampden-Sydney at Washington and Lee, Virginia Tech at William and Mary.
 Thursday—William and Mary at North Carolina State.
 Friday—William and Mary at North Carolina State.
 Saturday—Virginia Tech at North Carolina State.
 Sunday—Duke at Virginia.

Middleburg Hunt Opens Saturday

Middleburg, Va., April 8.—An old-fashioned hunt race in which the riders will wear pink coats and otherwise will be the amusing features of the twenty-fifth meeting of the Middleburg Hunt Race Association, Inc., scheduled for the Glenwood Park Course near here Saturday.

A smart six-race program will begin at 2 p. m., and buses will be run hourly from Washington, D. C., to the Red Fox Inn by the Greyhound Co.

Racing Secretary Daniel C. Sands today announced that unusual interest is being shown in the twin feature competitions, namely the Louise Leith Middleburg Steeplechase of 4 miles over timber and the William Skinner Memorial 2-mile hurdle event.

One of the favorites in the picturesque Leith Middleburg Steeplechase will be Christopher M. Greer, Jr.'s Houseman, which will be ridden by Fred Colwell. Colwell three times rode Blacklock to victory in the Maryland Hunt Cup.

Proceeds of Saturday's races will be donated to the Loudoun County Hospital, and a large and distinguished turnout is anticipated from the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia.

Bonhron Engaged To Californian

Harrisburg, Pa., April 8 (U.P.).—Lieut. William R. Bonhron of Pasadena, Calif., former Princeton star and Olympic runner, will be married to Miss Jane Spencer Hand in an "All Navy" wedding May 25 at Jenkintown, home of Miss Hand, it was announced today.

Both are stationed at the nearby Mechanicsburg Naval Supply Depot and expect to be discharged from Service May 1.

Considered one of America's all-time great collegiate distance runners, Bonhron won the Sullivan award as the outstanding amateur athlete in 1934, the year he was graduated from Princeton. He held two AAU records in 1934 for the 800 and 1500 meter runs.

RACES

From Page 1

Jokey Shelby Clark who rested during the winter, is showing good saddle form. He rides Chally Mally for Gustav Ring in the Kindergarten. Wednesday. Bel Air track will stable the overdraw from Havre de Grace and Pimlico. Apprentice Don Padgett, riding rider at the meeting, will handle Marine Victory in the Endurance at Jamaica on Saturday. Padgett may have the mount in the Kentucky Derby as he is well liked by the Bobanet Stable, especially Trainer Sep Dune. No apprentice has won a Derby since Hanford got home with Bold Venture. Maryland tracks would like to do away with the daily double. But if they left it to a vote of the fans the twin bet would win hands down. The Bobanet Stable, boasting good horses in all divisions, sent a coming star to the post in Lovely Imp, a first-time starter. The 3-year-old miss won the third race by four lengths in a gallop.

Jamaica

By the Associated Press
 1—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Bright Light (119) in the Wings (113)
 2—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 3—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 4—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 5—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 6—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 7—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 8—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 9—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 10—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 11—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 12—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 13—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 14—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 15—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 16—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 17—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 18—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 19—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)
 20—4:30, 5-year-olds up, claiming.
 Danes (113) Times (113)

I See by the Papers

By Bill Noble

SOAPLESS SOAP IS NEW WRINKLE



Bowie Race Charts

MONDAY, APRIL 8, 1946—BY WALTER HAYMET.

WASHING, D.C. 12:30, TRACK EAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; claiming. Start good. Off at 2:03. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
BAILEY	(Carr)	112	1	1	1	1	1
BOY LAUREL	(Tamm)	111	2	2	2	2	2
MADAME MAMER	(Carr)	110	3	3	3	3	3
DARBY	(Carr)	109	4	4	4	4	4
DAVEY	(Carr)	108	5	5	5	5	5
VICTORY MAID	(Carr)	107	6	6	6	6	6
QUAKER	(Carr)	106	7	7	7	7	7
PAULA	(Carr)	105	8	8	8	8	8

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 2:34 1/2. Winner, G. C. Greer. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:14 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
POORHILL	(Carr)	112	1	1	1	1	1
POORHILL	(Carr)	111	2	2	2	2	2
POORHILL	(Carr)	110	3	3	3	3	3
POORHILL	(Carr)	109	4	4	4	4	4
POORHILL	(Carr)	108	5	5	5	5	5
POORHILL	(Carr)	107	6	6	6	6	6
POORHILL	(Carr)	106	7	7	7	7	7
POORHILL	(Carr)	105	8	8	8	8	8

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 3:05 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 3:36 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 4:07 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 4:38 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

SEVENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 5:09 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

EIGHTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 5:40 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

NINTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 6:11 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

TENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$2400. For 3-year-olds and up; allowance. Start good. Off at 6:42 1/2. Winner, R. A. Chapman. Value to winner, \$1350. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Horse	Jockey	Wt.	Post	Str.	Pin.	Str.	Pin.
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	110	1	1	1	1	1
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	109	2	2	2	2	2
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	108	3	3	3	3	3
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	107	4	4	4	4	4
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	106	5	5	5	5	5
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	105	6	6	6	6	6
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	104	7	7	7	7	7
LOVELY IMP	(Carr)	103	8	8	8	8	8

20,000 More Jobless Due To Coal Strike

Pittsburgh, April 8 (U.P.).—Unemployment in steel and other coal-dependent industries rose to 20,000 in the Pittsburgh area today as the coal strike went into its second week.

Two United States Steel Corp. subsidiaries, Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corp. and National Tube Co., reported layoffs now total 13,000.

At least 7000 others are idle in railroads, trucking concerns and small steel fabricating plants.

The United States Employment Service announced it will set up four additional unemployment registration offices in Pittsburgh by the end of the week to take care of additional unemployment resulting from the stoppage by the Nation's 400,000 soft-coal miners.

Meanwhile, negotiations to write a contract that will end the strike are not scheduled to resume in Washington until tomorrow afternoon.

Economic Stabilizer Chester Bowles called a meeting of his staff today to consider the whole mine and mill picture while one top labor official predicted that before the end of this week "the Government will do something."

The official declined use of his name.

Tuesday, April 9, 1946

FAMINE EMERGENCY DISCUSSION
Tonight's Topic—"More People Are Hungry Today Than At Any Time In The World's History!"
Participants in this discussion include Ernest K. Lindley, Drew Pearson, Joseph Alsop, Marquis Childs.

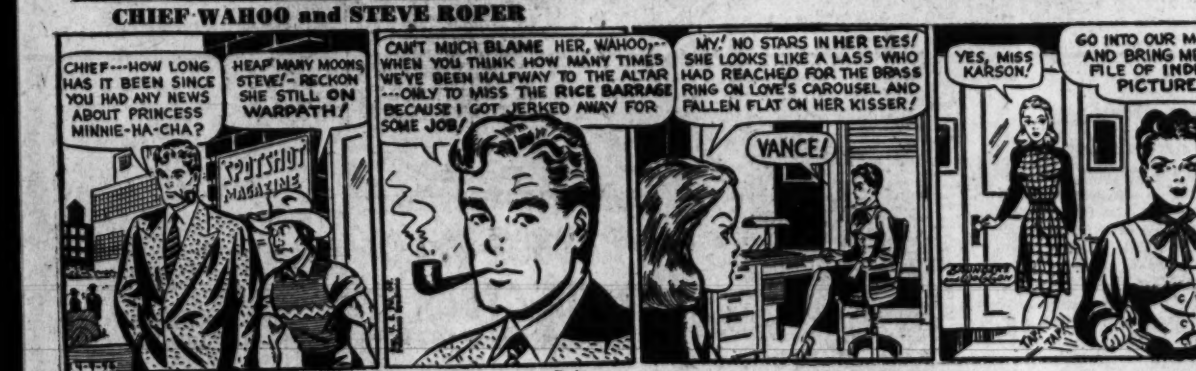
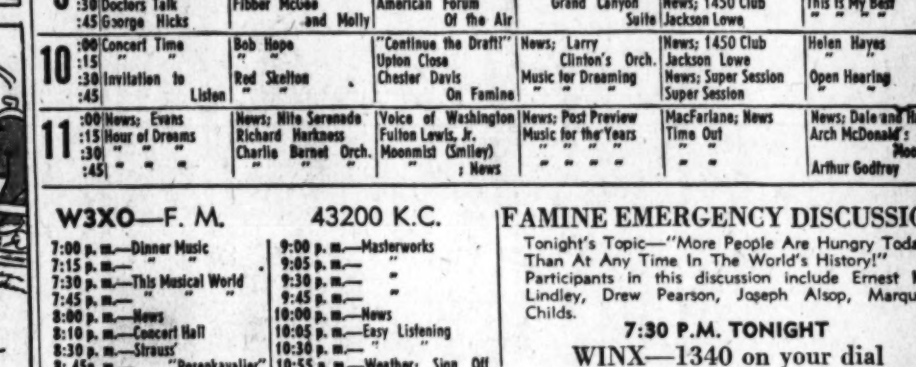
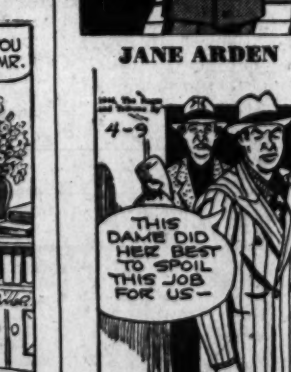
7:30 P.M. TONIGHT
WINX—1340 on your dial

43200 K.C.

7:00 p.m.—Dinner Music	9:00 p.m.—Masterworks
7:15 p.m.—" "	9:05 p.m.—" "
7:30 p.m.—This Musical World	9:30 p.m.—" "
7:45 p.m.—" "	9:45 p.m.—" "
8:00 p.m.—News	10:00 p.m.—News
8:10 p.m.—Concert Hall	10:05 p.m.—Easy Listen
8:30 p.m.—Strauss	10:30 p.m.—" "
8:45 p.m.—"Beethoven's"	10:55 p.m.—Weather

7:30 P.M. TONIGHT
WINX—1340 on your dial

7:30 P.M. TONIGHT
WINX—1340 on your dial



U. S. Imports Rise Sharply During Month

Largely reflecting increased receipts from Latin America, Russia and India, United States imports last January rose to 392 million dollars, compared with 297 million dollars in December, the Census Bureau reported yesterday.

Exports were 800 million dollars, a nine per cent increase over December due chiefly to higher exports to Latin America, France, Yugoslavia and Asia.

Imports from Latin America went to 144 million dollars against 102 million dollars in December, with imports from Brazil rising from 20 million dollars to 41 million dollars.

January imports from Russia were 18 million dollars, compared with one million dollars in December and 5 million dollars in January, 1945.

The British empire sent us in January merchandise valued at 148 million dollars, against 136 million dollars in December and 153 million dollars in January, 1945. January imports from India were almost 25 million dollars compared with 10 million dollars in December.

Substantial advances also were recorded in imports from Turkey, Afghanistan, Palestine and China, but imports from Canada continued to decline.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

Savings and Loan Conference

A number of Washington savings and loan leaders will attend the two-day conference on housing credit in New York on Thursday and Friday when 800 representatives of the Nation's thrift and home financing institutions will meet for the first gathering since 1944. Henry P. Irv of Baltimore, president of the U. S. Savings and Loan League said that the first morning's session will be devoted entirely to home loans for veterans, of which the member units have made about 325 million dollars.

Rufus S. Lusk, president of the Washington Taxpayers Association will be one of the speakers. Included in the local delegation, which will be headed by Rudolph W. Santele, president of the D. C. League are Edward C. Baltz, Clarence E. Kefauver, Edward L. McElear, William N. Payne, Jr., James Donohoe, Carl C. Smuck, Robert E. Buckley, F. Willson Campy, Thomas Harrison, Robert E. Scholz, Edward K. Jones, Carl J. Bergmann and C. Clinton James. Headquarters will be at the Hotel New Yorker with all business sessions at Manhattan Center.

March Sales Show Drop

M. S. Kresge Co. reported March sales of \$18,123,200, a decrease of 11.8 per cent from \$20,554,177 for the like 1945 month. Sales for three months ended March 31 amounted to \$48,170,123, a decrease of 2.4 per cent from \$49,385,355 for the same 1945 period.

G. C. Murphy Co. Reported March Sales

G. C. Murphy Co. reported March sales of \$8,197,400, a decline of 6.9 per cent from March 1945, sales of \$8,809,615. Sales for three months ended March 31 were \$21,175,803, an increase of four-tenths of 1 per cent from \$21,098,481 for the 1945 period.

SEC Aids Resigns

H. I. Bunchman, Joppa, Ill., chief of the corporation and finance division of the Securities and Exchange Commission since 1935, resigned yesterday. Bunchman is taking an executive position with the Crane Co., Chicago. He has been with the SEC since 1934, the year it was organized.

Earnings Statements

Reynolds Metals Co. reports an increase in consolidated net income for 1945 of \$3,396,187, equal after preferred dividends to \$4.03 a common share, from \$3,045,816, or \$2.71 a share, in 1944.

United Aircraft Corp. Reports

United Aircraft Corp. reports net profit in 1945 was \$12,855,280, equivalent to \$4.35 a common share, compared with \$15,562,336, or \$5.37 a share, in 1944. Sales dropped from \$743,527,684 in 1944 to \$484,310,503 in 1945.

Richfield Oil Corp. and Subsidiaries

Richfield Oil Corp. and subsidiaries report 1945 net income of \$2,965,690, or 74 cents a share, compared with \$3,080,974, or 77 cents a share, in 1944.

Stewart-Warner Corp. and Subsidiaries

Stewart-Warner Corp. and subsidiaries report net profit for 1945 of \$1,634,202, equal to \$1.28 a share, compared with \$1,965,218, or \$1.54 a share, in 1944.

Norfolk and Western Railway Co.

Norfolk and Western Railway Co. reports net railway operating income in 1945 dropped 12.2 per cent to \$22,767,417. Net income was \$23,533,680, down 23.5 per cent from 1944, and equal to \$15.50 a share on common stock against \$18.29 in 1944.

Canadian Pacific Railroad Co.

Canadian Pacific Railroad Co. reports net earnings for 1945 of \$36,044,334, compared with \$43,159,664 in 1944. Net income amounted to \$31,614,162, equal to \$1.98 an ordinary share, against \$36,690,830, or \$2.21 a share, in 1944.

Sun Chemical Corp. Earned Net Profit

Sun Chemical Corp. earned net profit in 1945 of \$770,444, equal to 71 cents each on the average number of 861,783 shares outstanding during the year. This compared with \$639,067, or 62 cents each on the 735,000 shares of common outstanding, in 1944.

Bristol-Myers Co. Reports for 1945

Bristol-Myers Co. reports for 1945 consolidated net income of \$2,497,781, equal to \$1.71 each on 1,381,188 common shares outstanding, after dividends on preferred stock issued in July, 1945. This compared with 1944 consolidated net income of \$2,439,546, or \$3.66 each on 667,250 shares of common stock outstanding. The common stock was split two-for-one in 1945 and the par value changed from \$5 to \$2.50.

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press					Sales					By the Associated Press					Sales																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
Total stock sales yesterday, 1,250,000 shares; previous day, 690,000; week ago, 1,045,500; year ago, 565,230; two years ago, 565,576; January 1 to date 120,645,257; year ago 103,225,693; two years ago, 66,693,634.					Dow-Jones Stocks					Dow-Jones Stocks					Dow-Jones Stocks																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
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